

V25+™
16/8-BIT SINGLE-CHIP MICROCONTROLLER

The μ PD70325 (V25+) is a single-chip microcontroller on which 16-bit CPU, RAM, serial interface, timer, DMA controller, interrupt controller, etc. are all integrated. The μ PD70325 is software compatible with the 16/8-bit single-chip microcontroller μ PD70320 (V25™). The V25+ greatly improves the DMA responsivity and transfer rate compared to the V25.

FEATURES

- Software compatible with V25
- Software compatible with μ PD70108/70116 (in native mode) (some instructions added)
- Internal 16-bit architecture and external 8-bit data bus
- 3-stage pipeline method
- Minimum instruction cycle : 250 ns/8 MHz (external 16 MHz)
 : 200 ns/10 MHz (external 20 MHz)
- Memory space 1 Mbyte
- On-chip RAM : 256 words \times 8 bits
- Register bank (memory mapped method) : 8 banks
- Input port (port T) with comparator : 8 bits
- I/O lines (input port : 4 bits, input/output ports : 20 bits)
- Serial interface : 2 channels
 - Internal dedicated baud rate generator
 - Asynchronous mode and I/O interface mode
- Interrupt controller
 - Programmable priority (8 levels)
 - 3 types of interrupt response method
 - Vectored interrupt function, register bank switching function, macro service function
- DRAM and pseudo SRAM refreshing function
- DMA controller : 2 channels
 - 4 types of DMA transfer mode
 - Transfer rate Maximum 4 Mbytes/second (when stop control is not executed by DMARQ pin in demand release mode)
 Maximum 2 Mbytes/second (when stop control is executed by DMARQ pin in demand release mode, or burst mode)
 - Address pointer (linear) : 20 bits
 - Terminal counter : 16 bits
- 16-bit timer : 2 channels
- Time base counter (20 bits) : 1 channel
- On-chip clock generator
- Programmable wait function
- Standby function (STOP, HALT)

The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

★ ORDERING INFORMATION

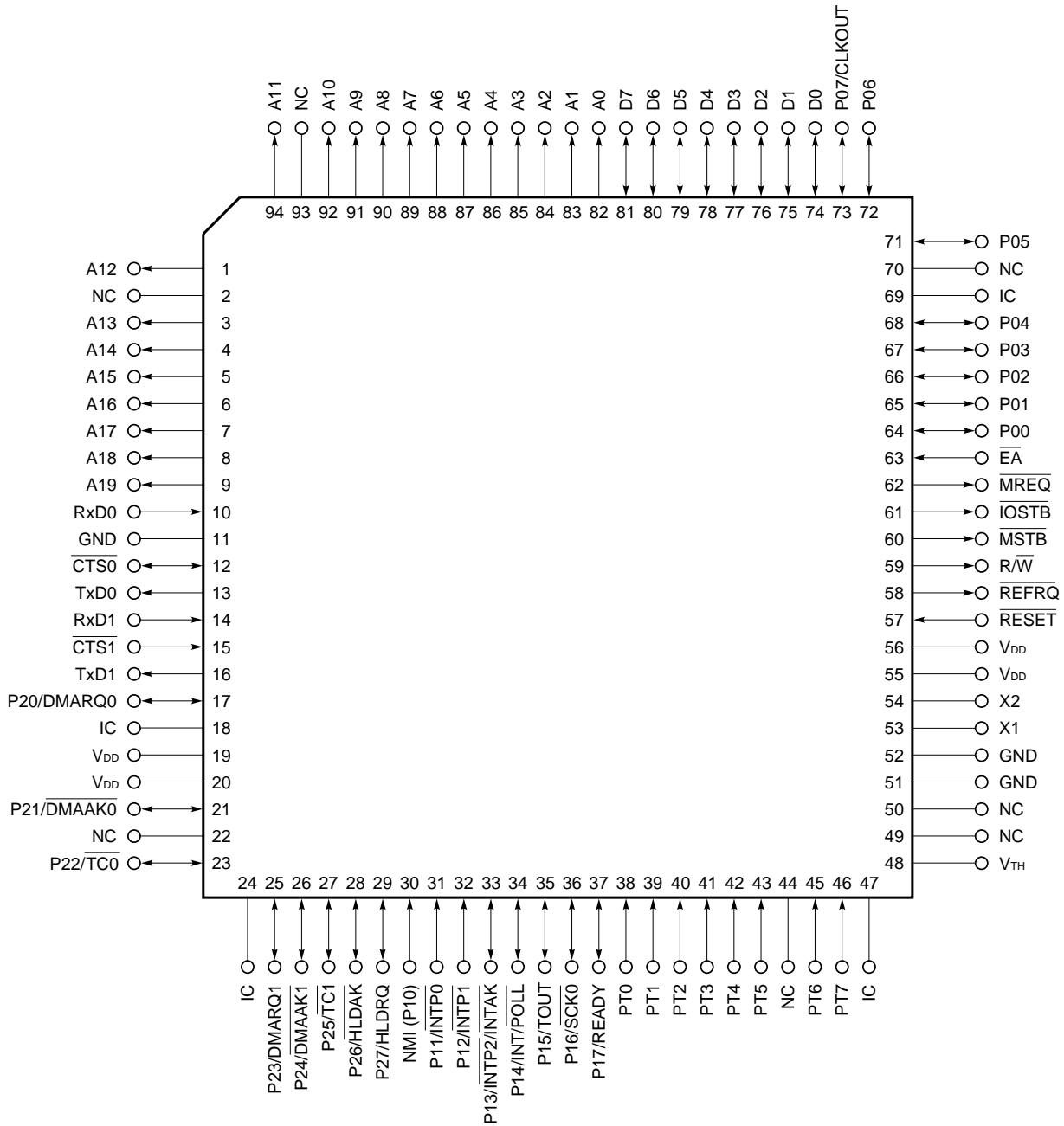
Part Number	Package	External Clock (MHz)
μPD70325GJ-8-5BG	94-pin plastic QFP (20 × 20 mm)	16
μPD70325GJ-10-5BG	94-pin plastic QFP (20 × 20 mm)	20
μPD70325L-8	84-pin plastic QFJ (1150 × 1150 mil)	16
μPD70325L-10	84-pin plastic QFJ (1150 × 1150 mil)	20

★ Comparison between V25 and V25+

		V25	V35™	V25+	V35+™
		μPD70320	μPD70330	μPD70325	μPD70335
DMA function	Transfer processing method	Depends on microprogram		Depends on dedicated hardware	
	Maximum transfer rate (8-MHz operation)	0.6 Mbytes/second	0.8 Mbytes/second	4 Mbytes/second	5.3 Mbytes/second
	Sampling timing of DMA request	Between instruction execution cycles		Between bus cycles	
	DMA service channel	In on-chip RAM area		In special function register	
	Specification method of transfer address	Segment method		Linear method	
	Execution format in single-step mode	1 DMA transfer/1 instruction execution		1 DMA transfer/1 bus cycle	
	Interrupt request during DMA transfer (demand release mode)	Accepts only NMI		Not accepted	
	Number of necessary waits when stop is controlled by $\overline{\text{DMARQ}}$ (demand release mode)	Not necessary		2 waits	
	Transfer processing units	Byte/word	Byte/word	Byte	Byte/word
	TC (terminal counter) setting value	Number of times of DMA transfer		(Number of times of DMA transfer) - 1	
	Generation timing of terminal counter	TC = 0		TC = FFFFH	
	TC output low-level width	Fixed		Expanded by wait insertion	
Serial interface	Transmit clock output in asynchronous mode (channel 0)	Not available		Available ($\overline{\text{SCK0}}$ pin)	
	Serial error register	Yes		Serial status register	
	Receive buffer full flag	No		In serial status register	
	Transmit buffer empty flag	No		In serial status register	
	All sent flag	No		In serial status register	
Interrupt function	Interrupt source register		No		Yes
External data bus		8 bits	16 bits	8 bits	16 bits
Maximum operating frequency		8 MHz		10 MHz	

PIN CONFIGURATION (Top View)

- ★ 94-Pin Plastic QFP
- μPD70325GJ-8-5BG
- μPD70325GJ-10-5BG



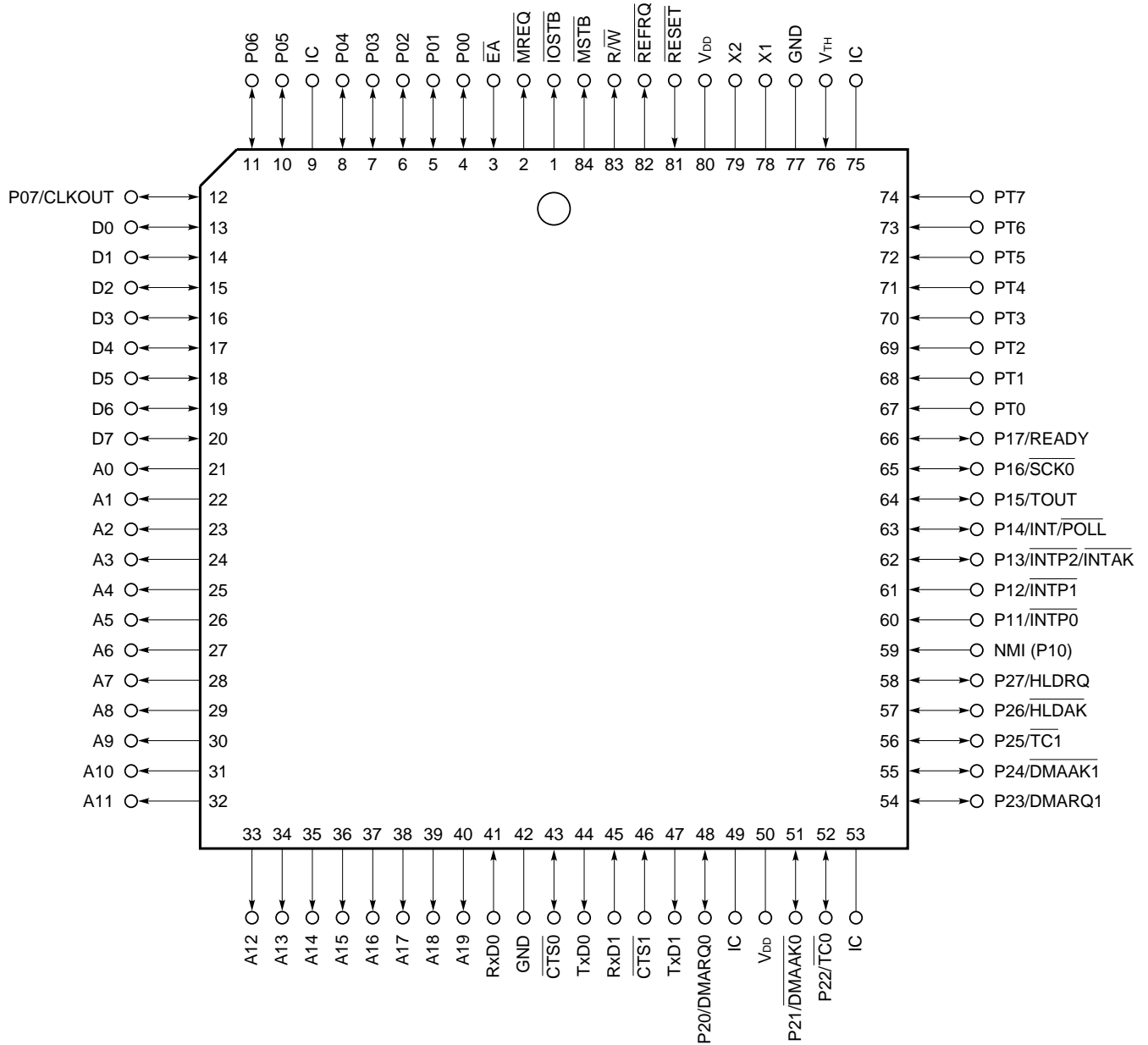
- Remarks**
1. NC: Non-Connection
 2. IC : Internally Connected

- Cautions**
1. Fix IC pin individually to high level via a pull-up resistor externally.
 2. Fix EA pin to low level.

84-Pin Plastic QFJ

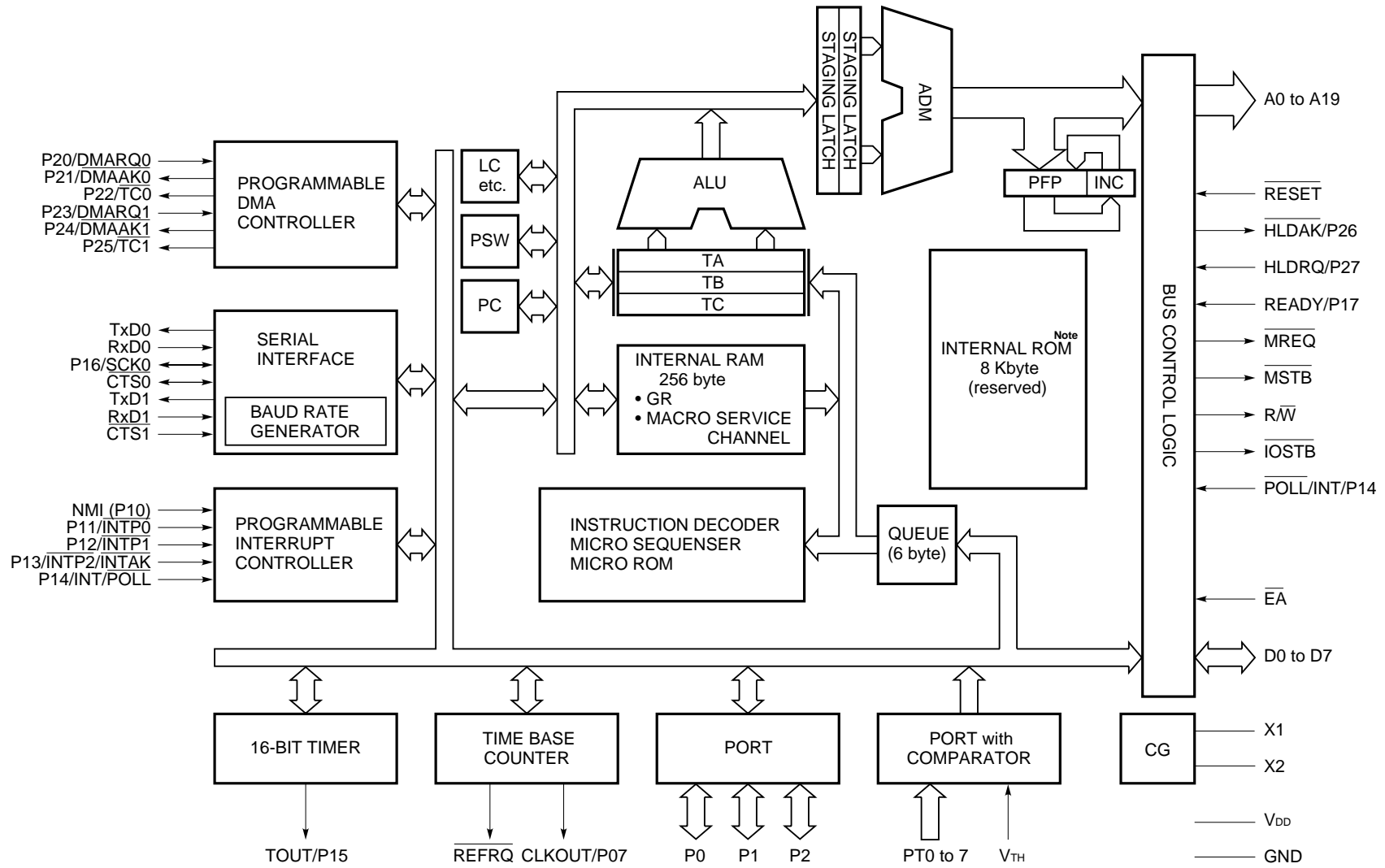
μPD70325L-8

μPD70325L-10



Remark IC: Internally Connected

- Cautions**
1. Fix IC pin individually to high level via a pull-up resistor externally.
 2. Fix \overline{EA} pin to low level.



Note The internal ROM of 8 Kbytes is reserved for specific use such as testing and not user-accessible.

INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

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1. PIN FUNCTIONS

1.1 Port Pins

Pin Name	Input/Output	Port Function	Control Function	
P00 to P06	Input & output	8-bit input/output ports, each to be specified bit-by-bit	—	
P07/CLKOUT	Input & output/output		System clock output	
NMI (P10)	Input	Used as non-maskable interrupt request input (input port)	—	
P11/ $\overline{\text{INTP0}}$		Used as both external interrupt request input and input port		
P12/ $\overline{\text{INTP1}}$				
P13/ $\overline{\text{INTP2}}/\overline{\text{INTAK}}$	Input/input/output		INT acknowledge signal output	
P14/ $\overline{\text{POLL}}/\overline{\text{INT}}$	Input & output/input/input	Used as both specifiable input/output port and $\overline{\text{POLL}}$ input	External interrupt request input	
P15/TOUT	Input & output/output	Input/output port specifiable bit-by-bit	Timer output	
P16/ $\overline{\text{SCK0}}$			Serial clock output	
P17/READY	Input & output/input		READY input	
P20/DMARQ0	Input & output/input	8-bit input/output port specifiable bit-by-bit	DMA request input (CH0)	
P21/ $\overline{\text{DMAAK0}}$	Input & output/input		DMA acknowledge output (CH0)	
P22/ $\overline{\text{TC0}}$			DMA end output (CH0)	
P23/DMARQ1	Input & output/input		DMA request input (CH1)	
P24/ $\overline{\text{DMAAK1}}$	Input & output/output		DMA acknowledge output (CH1)	
P25/ $\overline{\text{TC1}}$			DMA end output (CH1)	
P26/ $\overline{\text{HLDAK}}$	Input & output/output		HOLD acknowledge output	
P27/ $\overline{\text{HLDRQ}}$	Input & output/input		HOLD input	
PT0 to PT7	Input		8-bit input port with comparator	—

Remark All port pins become input ports after reset is released.

When using P13/ $\overline{\text{INTP2}}/\overline{\text{INTAK}}$ as a $\overline{\text{INTAK}}$ pin, be sure to pull up the pin to avoid a malfunction of external interrupt controller after reset is released.

1.2 Non-port Pins

Pin Name	Input/Output	Function
TxD0	Output	Serial data output
TxD1		
RxD0	Input	Serial data input
RxD1		
$\overline{\text{CTS0}}$	Input & output	CTS input in asynchronous mode, receive clock input/output in I/O interface mode
$\overline{\text{CTS1}}$	Input	CTS input
$\overline{\text{REFRQ}}$	Output	DRAM refresh pulse output
V_{TH}	Input	Comparator reference voltage input
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$		Reset signal input
$\overline{\text{EA}}$		Fix to low level
X1		Used to connect crystal resonator for oscillating system clock.
X2		External clock is entered by entering reverse phase clock to both X1 and X2 pins.
D0 to D7	Input & output	8-bit data bus
A0 to A19	Output	20-bit address output
$\overline{\text{MREQ}}$		Output used to indicate that memory bus cycle has been started
$\overline{\text{MSTB}}$		Memory read/memory write strobe output
$\text{R}/\overline{\text{W}}$		Read cycle/write cycle ID signal output
$\overline{\text{IOSTB}}$		I/O read/I/O write strobe output
V_{DD}		Positive power supply pins (all pins should be connected)
GND	GND pins (all pins should be connected)	
IC		Internally connected (fix to high level via a pull-up resistor externally)

2. INSTRUCTION SETS

★ The μPD70325 instruction sets are compatible with those of μPD70320.

2.1 Comparison between μPD70108 and 70116

The μPD70325 instruction sets are upward-compatible with those of μPD70108/70116 in native mode. The following instructions are newly added to the μPD70108/70116.

(1) Conditional branch instruction

- BTCLR Bit test instruction used for special function registers

If, when this BTCLR is executed, the target special function register bit status is “1”, the bit is reset (0) and the program is branched to short-label described in the operand. If the target bit status is “0”, the program is moved to the next instruction. PSW is not changed in this instruction.

(Descriptive format)

Mnemonic	Operand		
	Special Function Register Address	Special Function Register Bit	Branch Address
BTCLR	sfr	imm3	short-label

(2) Interrupt instructions

- RETRBI Return instruction used for register banks

This instruction is used to return the program from the interrupt service routine in which the register bank switching function is used. It cannot be used for returning from vectored interrupt servicing.

(Descriptive format)

Mnemonic	Operand
RETRBI	None

- FINT This instruction is used to report the interrupt controller that interrupt servicing has ended. If an interrupt other than NMI, INT, and software interrupt is used, this instruction must be executed prior to the instruction for returning from interrupt servicing. It should not be used for NMI, INT and software interrupts.

(Descriptive format)

Mnemonic	Operand
FINT	None

(3) CPU instruction

- STOP Instruction for transition to STOP state

(Descriptive format)

Mnemonic	Operand
STOP	None

(4) Register bank switch instructions

- BRKCS Used to switch register banks

A register bank is switched to the register bank indicated by the lower 3 bits in the 16-bit register described in the operand. The program is also branched with this instruction to the address obtained from the PS stored in advance in the new register bank and the vector PC.

The RETRBI instruction is used to return the program from the new register bank.

(Descriptive format)

Mnemonic	Operand
BRKCS	reg16

- TSKSW Used to switch register banks

Just like the BRKCS instruction, this instruction is also executed to select a register bank. The program is branched to the address obtained from the PS stored in advance in the new register bank and the address obtained from the PC save area.

(Descriptive format)

Mnemonic	Operand
TSKSW	reg16

(5) Data transfer instructions

- MOVSPA ... Used to transfer SS and SP values

This instruction is executed to transfer both SS and SP values before the register bank is switched to SS and SP of the current (post-switching) register bank.

(Descriptive format)

Mnemonic	Operand
MOVSPA	None

- MOVSPB ... Used to transfer SS and SP values

This instruction is executed to transfer the SS and SP values of the current (pre-switching) register bank to the SS and SP of the new register bank indicated by the lower 3 bits in the 16-bit register described in the operand.

(Descriptive format)

Mnemonic	Operand
MOVSPB	reg16

Some μPD70108/70116 instructions should be much cared as shown below when used for the μPD70325.

- I/O instruction, primitive I/O instruction

If PSW $\overline{\text{IBRK}}$ flag is reset (0), an interrupt is generated without executing this instruction. Be sure to set (1) the $\overline{\text{IBRK}}$ flag when using the I/O instruction.

- FPO instruction

An interrupt is generated without executing this instruction.

2.2 Instruction Set Operation

Table 2-1. Operand Identifier

Identifier	Description
reg, reg'	8-/16-bit general register
reg8, reg8'	8-bit general register
reg16, reg16'	16-bit general register
dmem	8-/16-bit memory location
mem	8-/16-bit memory location
mem8	8-bit memory location
mem16	16-bit memory location
mem32	32-bit memory location
sfr	8-bit special function register location
imm	Constant within 0 to FFFFH
imm3	Constant within 0 to 7
imm4	Constant within 0 to FH
imm8	Constant within 0 to FFH
imm16	Constant within 0 to FFFFH
acc	Register AW or AL
sreg	Segment register
src-table	256-byte conversion table name
src-block	Register IX-addressed block name
dst-block	Register IY-addressed block name
near-proc	Procedure in the current program segment
far-proc	Procedure in another program segment
near-label	Label in the current program segment
short-label	Label within end of instruction to -128 to +127 bytes
far-label	Label in another program segment
memptr16	Word including location offset in the current program segment to which control is to be passed
memptr32	Double-word including location offset in another program segment to which control is to be passed and segment base address
regptr16	16-bit general register including location offset in another program segment to which control is to be passed
pop-value	Number of bytes to be abandoned from stack (0 to 64K, normally even number)
fp-op	Immediate value to judge instruction code of external floating point operation chip
R	Register set

Table 2-2. Operation Code Identifier

Identifier	Description
W	Byte/word specification bit (0: byte, 1: word). However, when s = 1, the sign extended byte data should be 16-bit operand even when W is 1.
reg, reg'	Register field (000 to 111)
mem	Memory field (000 to 111)
mod	Mode field (00 to 10)
s	Sign extension specification bit (0: Sign is not extended, 1: Sign is extended)
X, XXX, YYY, ZZZ	Data used to judge instruction code of external floating-point operation chip

Table 2-3. Operation Identifier (1/2)

Identifier	Description
AW	Accumulator (16 bits)
AH	Accumulator (upper byte)
AL	Accumulator (lower byte)
BW	Register BW (16 bits)
CW	Register CW (16 bits)
CL	Register CW (lower byte)
DW	Register DW (16 bits)
SP	Stack pointer (16 bits)
PC	Program counter (16 bits)
PSW	Program status word (16 bits)
IX	Index register (source) (16 bits)
IY	Index register (destination) (16 bits)
PS	Program segment register (16 bits)
DS1	Data segment 1 register (16 bits)
DS0	Data segment 0 register (16 bits)
SS	Stack segment register (16 bits)
AC	Auxiliary carry flag
CY	Carry flag
P	Parity flag
S	Sign flag
Z	Zero flag
DIR	Direction flag
IE	Interrupt enable flag
V	Overflow flag
BRK	Break flag
(...)	Contents in memory shown in ()
disp	Displacement (8/16 bits)
ext-disp8	16 bits obtained by extending sign of 8-bit displacement

Table 2-3. Operation Identifier (2/2)

Identifier	Description
temp	Temporary register (8/16/32 bits)
tmpcy	Temporary carry flag (1 bit)
seg	Immediate segment data (16 bits)
offset	Immediate offset data (16 bits)
←	Transfer direction
+	Addition
-	Subtraction
×	Multiplication
÷	Division
%	Modulo
^	AND
∨	OR
⊕	Exclusive OR
xxH	2-digit hexadecimal number
xxxxH	4-digit hexadecimal number

Table 2-4. Flag Operation Identifier

Identifier	Description
(Blank)	No change
0	Cleared to 0
1	Set to 1
×	Set or cleared according to the result
U	Not defined
R	The previously saved value is restored.

Table 2-5. Memory Addressing

mem \ mod	0 0	0 1	1 0
0 0 0	BW + IX	BW + IX + disp 8	BW + IX + disp 16
0 0 1	BW + IY	BW + IY + disp 8	BW + IY + disp 16
0 1 0	BP + IX	BP + IX + disp 8	BP + IX + disp 16
0 1 1	BP + IY	BP + IY + disp 8	BP + IY + disp 16
1 0 0	IX	IX + disp 8	IX + disp 16
1 0 1	IY	IY + disp 8	IY + disp 16
1 1 0	DIRECT ADDRESS	BP + disp 8	BP + disp 16
1 1 1	BW	BW + disp 8	BW + disp 16

Table 2-6. 8/16-Bit General Register Selection

reg, reg'	W = 0	W = 1
000	AL	AW
001	CL	CW
010	DL	DW
011	BL	BW
100	AH	SP
101	CH	BP
110	DH	IX
111	BH	IY

Table 2-7. Segment Register Selection

sreg	
00	DS1
01	PS
10	SS
11	DS0

2.3 Instruction Set Table

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags						
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z	
Data transfer	MOV	reg,reg'	1 0 0 0 1 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg ← reg'							
		mem,reg	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) ← reg							
		reg,mem	1 0 0 0 1 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg ← (mem)							
		mem,imm	1 1 0 0 0 1 1 W	mod 0 0 0 mem	3 to 6	(mem) ← imm							
		reg,imm	1 0 1 1 W reg		2 to 3	reg ← imm							
		acc,dmem	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W		3	When W = 0, AL ← (dmem) When W = 1, AH ← (dmem + 1), AL ← (dmem)							
		dmem,acc	1 0 1 0 0 0 1 W		3	When W = 0, (dmem) ← AL When W = 1, (dmem + 1) ← AH, (dmem) ← AL							
		sreg,reg16	1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0	1 1 0 sreg reg	2	sreg ← reg16	sreg : SS, DS0, DS1						
		sreg,mem16	1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0	mod 0 sreg mem	2 to 4	sreg ← (mem16)	sreg : SS, DS0, DS1						
		reg16,sreg	1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0	1 1 0 sreg reg	2	reg16 ← sreg							
		mem16,sreg	1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0	mod 0 sreg mem	2 to 4	(mem16) ← sreg							
		DS0,reg16,mem32	1 1 0 0 0 1 0 1	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg16 ← (mem32) DS0 ← (mem32 + 2)							
		DS1,reg16,mem32	1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg16 ← (mem32) DS1 ← (mem32 + 2)							
		AH,PSW	1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1		1	AH ← S, Z, F1, AC, F0, P, $\overline{\text{IBRK}}$, CY							
	PSW,AH	1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0		1	S, Z, F1, AC, F0, P, $\overline{\text{IBRK}}$, CY ← AH		x	x		x	x	x	
	LDEA	reg16,mem16	1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg16 ← mem16							
	TRANS	src-table	1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1		1	AL ← (BW + AL)							
	XCH	reg,reg'	1 0 0 0 0 1 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg ↔ reg'							
		mem,reg reg,mem	1 0 0 0 0 1 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) ↔ reg							
		AW,reg16 reg16,AW	1 0 0 1 0 reg		1	AW ↔ reg16							
MOVSPA ^{Note}		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1	2	New register bank SS and SP ← old register bank SS and SP								
MOVSPB ^{Note}	reg16	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1	3	SS and SP of reg16-indicated new register bank ← old register bank SS and SP								
		1 1 1 1 1 reg											

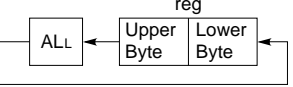
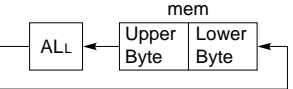
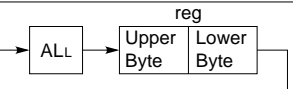
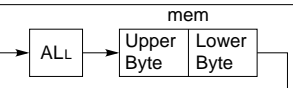
Note These instructions are newly added to the μPD70108/70116.

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Repeat prefix	REPC		0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1		1	Executes the primitive block transfer instruction in the continued byte while CW ≠ 0, and decrements CW by one. If any interruption is held at this time, it is processed. The program exits the loop when CY ≠ 1.						
	REPNC		0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0		1	Same as above. The program exits the loop when CY ≠ 0.						
	REP		1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1		1	Executes the primitive block transfer instruction in the continued byte while CW ≠ 0, and decrements CW by one. If any interruption is held at this time, it is processed. The program exits the loop when the primitive block transfer instruction is CMPBK or CMPM, and when Z ≠ 1.						
	REPE											
	REPZ											
REPNE			1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0		1	Same as above. The program exits the loop when Z ≠ 0.						
REPZ												
Primitive block transfer	MOVBK	dst-block,	1 0 1 0 0 1 0 W		1	When W = 0, (IY) ← (IX) DIR = 0: IX ← IX + 1, IY ← IY + 1 DIR = 1: IX ← IX - 1, IY ← IY - 1						
		src-block				When W = 1, (IY + 1, IY) ← (IX + 1, IX) DIR = 0: IX ← IX + 2, IY ← IY + 2 DIR = 1: IX ← IX - 2, IY ← IY - 2						
	CMPBK	src-block,	1 0 1 0 0 1 1 W		1	When W = 0, (IX) - (IY) DIR = 0: IX ← IX + 1, IY ← IY + 1 DIR = 1: IX ← IX - 1, IY ← IY - 1	×	×	×	×	×	×
		dst-block				When W = 1, (IX + 1, IX) - (IY + 1, IY) DIR = 0: IX ← IX + 2, IY ← IY + 2 DIR = 1: IX ← IX - 2, IY ← IY - 2						
	CMPM	dst-block	1 0 1 0 1 1 1 W		1	When W = 0, AL - (IY) DIR = 0: IY ← IY + 1; DIR = 1: IY ← IY - 1	×	×	×	×	×	×
						When W = 1, AW - (IY + 1, IY) DIR = 0: IY ← IY + 2; DIR = 1: IY ← IY - 2						
LDM	src-block	1 0 1 0 1 1 0 W		1	When W = 0, AL ← (IX) DIR = 0: IX ← IX + 1; DIR = 1: IX ← IX - 1							
					When W = 1, AW ← (IX + 1, IX) DIR = 0: IX + 2; DIR = 1: IX ← IX - 2							
STM	dst-block	1 0 1 0 1 0 1 W		1	When W = 0, (IY) ← AL DIR = 0: IY ← IY + 1; DIR = 1: IY ← IY - 1							
					When W = 1, (IY + 1, IY) ← AW DIR = 0: IY ← IY + 2; DIR = 1: IY ← IY - 2							

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Bit field operation	INS	reg8,reg8'	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1	3	16-bit field ← AW						
		1 1 reg' reg										
	reg8,imm4	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1	4	16-bit field ← AW							
		1 1 0 0 0 reg										
	EXT	reg8,reg8'	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1	3	AW ← 16-bit field						
		1 1 reg' reg										
reg8,imm4	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1	4	AW ← 16-bit field								
	1 1 0 0 0 reg											
I/O	IN ^{Note}	acc,imm8	1 1 1 0 0 1 0 W		2	When W = 0, AL ← (imm8) When W = 1, AH ← (imm8 + 1), AL ← (imm8)						
		acc,DW	1 1 1 0 1 1 0 W			1	When W = 0, AL ← (DW) When W = 1, AH ← (DW + 1), AL ← (DW)					
	OUT ^{Note}	imm8,acc	1 1 1 0 0 1 1 W		2		When W = 0, (imm8) ← AL When W = 1, (imm8 + 1) ← AH, (imm8) ← AL					
		DW,acc	1 1 1 0 1 1 1 W			1	When W = 0, (DW) ← AL When W = 1, (DW + 1) ← AH, (DW) ← AL					
Primitive I/O	INM ^{Note}	dst-block,DW	0 1 1 0 1 1 0 W		1		When W = 0, (IY) ← (DW) DIR = 0: IY ← IY + 1; DIR = 1: IY ← IY - 1					
						When W = 1, (IY + 1, IY) ← (DW + 1, DW) DIR = 0: IY ← IY + 2; DIR = 1: IY ← IY - 2						
	OUTM ^{Note}	DW,src-block	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 W		1	When W = 0, (DW) ← (IX) DIR = 0: IX ← IX + 1; DIR = 1: IX ← IX - 1						
						When W = 1, (DW + 1, DW) ← (IX + 1, IX) DIR = 0: IX ← IX + 2; DIR = 1: IX ← IX - 2						

Note When $\overline{\text{IBRK}} = 0$, a software interrupt is generated automatically and the instruction is not executed.

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Addition/ subtraction	ADD	reg,reg'	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg ← reg + reg'	x	x	x	x	x	x
		mem,reg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) ← (mem) + reg	x	x	x	x	x	x
		reg,mem	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg ← reg + (mem)	x	x	x	x	x	x
		reg,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	1 1 0 0 0 reg	3 to 4	reg ← reg + imm	x	x	x	x	x	x
		mem,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	mod 0 0 0 mem	3 to 6	(mem) ← (mem) + imm	x	x	x	x	x	x
		acc,imm	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 W		2 to 3	When W = 0, AL ← AL + imm When W = 1, AW ← AW + imm	x	x	x	x	x	x
	ADDC	reg,reg'	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg ← reg + reg' + CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		mem,reg	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) ← (mem) + reg + CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		reg,mem	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg ← reg + (mem) + CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		reg,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	1 1 0 1 0 reg	3 to 4	reg ← reg + imm + CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		mem,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	mod 0 1 0 mem	3 to 6	(mem) ← (mem) + imm + CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		acc,imm	0 0 0 1 0 1 0 W		2 to 3	When W = 0, AL ← AL + imm + CY When W = 1, AW ← AW + imm + CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
	SUB	reg,reg'	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg ← reg - reg'	x	x	x	x	x	x
		mem,reg	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) ← (mem) - reg	x	x	x	x	x	x
		reg,mem	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg ← reg - (mem)	x	x	x	x	x	x
		reg,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	1 1 1 0 1 reg	3 to 4	reg ← reg - imm	x	x	x	x	x	x
		mem,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	mod 1 0 1 mem	3 to 6	(mem) ← (mem) - imm	x	x	x	x	x	x
		acc,imm	0 0 1 0 1 1 0 W		2 to 3	When W = 0, AL ← AL - imm When W = 1, AW ← AW - imm	x	x	x	x	x	x
	SUBC	reg,reg'	0 0 0 1 1 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg ← reg - reg' - CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		mem,reg	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) ← (mem) - reg - CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		reg,mem	0 0 0 1 1 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg ← reg - (mem) - CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		reg,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	1 1 0 1 1 reg	3 to 4	reg ← reg - imm - CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		mem,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	mod 0 1 1 mem	3 to 6	(mem) ← (mem) - imm - CY	x	x	x	x	x	x
		acc,imm	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 W		2 to 3	When W = 0, AL ← AL - imm - CY When W = 1, AW ← AW - imm - CY	x	x	x	x	x	x

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags							
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z		
BCD operation	ADD4S		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	2	dst BCD string \leftarrow dst BCD string + src BCD string	Note	U	×	U	U	U	×	
	SUB4S		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	2	dst BCD string \leftarrow dst BCD string – src BCD string	Note	U	×	U	U	U	×	
	CMP4S		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0	2	dst BCD string – src BCD string	Note	U	×	U	U	U	×	
	ROL4	reg8		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 reg	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0	3								
		mem8		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 mod 0 0 0 mem	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0	3 to 5								
	ROR4	reg8		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 reg	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	3								
mem8			0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 mod 0 0 0 mem	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	3 to 5									
Increment/decrement	INC	reg8	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	1 1 0 0 0 reg	2	reg8 \leftarrow reg8 + 1		×		×	×	×	×	
		mem	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 W	mod 0 0 0 mem	2 to 4	(mem) \leftarrow (mem) + 1		×		×	×	×	×	
		reg16	0 1 0 0 0 reg		1	reg16 \leftarrow reg16 + 1		×		×	×	×	×	
	DEC	reg8		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	1 1 0 0 1 reg	2	reg8 \leftarrow reg8 – 1		×		×	×	×	×
		mem		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 W	mod 0 0 1 mem	2 to 4	(mem) \leftarrow (mem) – 1		×		×	×	×	×
		reg16		0 1 0 0 1 reg		1	reg16 \leftarrow reg16 – 1		×		×	×	×	×

Note The number of BCD digits is given in the CL register. The value can be set within 1 to 254.

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Multipli- cation	MULU	reg8	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	1 1 1 0 0 reg	2	AW ← AL × reg8 AH = 0: CY ← 0, V ← 0 AH ≠ 0: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		mem8	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	mod 1 0 0 mem	2 to 4	AW ← AL × (mem8) AH = 0: CY ← 0, V ← 0 AH ≠ 0: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		reg16	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	1 1 1 0 0 reg	2	DW, AW ← AW × reg16 DW = 0: CY ← 0, V ← 0 DW = 1: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		mem16	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	mod 1 0 0 mem	2 to 4	DW, AW ← AW × (mem16) DW = 0: CY ← 0, V ← 0 DW = 1: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
	MUL	reg8	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	1 1 1 0 1 reg	2	AW ← AL × reg8 Extension of AH = AL sign: CY ← 0, V ← 0 Extension of AH ≠ AL sign: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		mem8	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	mod 1 0 1 mem	2 to 4	AW ← AL × (mem8) Extension of AH = AL sign: CY ← 0, V ← 0 Extension of AH ≠ AL sign: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		reg16	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	1 1 1 0 1 reg	2	DW, AW ← AW × reg16 Extension of DW = AW sign: CY ← 0, V ← 0 Extension of DW ≠ AW sign: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		mem16	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	mod 1 0 1 mem	2 to 4	DW, AW ← AW × (mem16) Extension of DW = AW sign: CY ← 0, V ← 0 Extension of DW ≠ AW sign: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		reg16, (reg16'), ^{Note} imm8	0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1	1 1 reg reg'	3	reg16 ← reg16' × imm8 Product ≤ 16 bits: CY ← 0, V ← 0 Product > 16 bits: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		reg16, mem16, imm8	0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1	mod reg mem	3 to 5	reg16 ← (mem16) × imm8 Product ≤ 16 bits: CY ← 0, V ← 0 Product > 16 bits: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		reg16, (reg16'), ^{Note} imm16	0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1	1 1 reg reg'	4	reg16 ← reg16' × imm16 Product ≤ 16 bits: CY ← 0, V ← 0 Product > 16 bits: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U
		reg16, mem16, imm16	0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1	mod reg mem	4 to 6	reg16 ← (mem16) × imm16 Product ≤ 16 bits: CY ← 0, V ← 0 Product > 16 bits: CY ← 1, V ← 1	U	×	×	U	U	U

Note The 2nd operand is omissible. If omitted, the 1st operand is assumed.

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Unsign- ed division	DIVU	reg8	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	1 1 1 1 0 reg	2	temp ← AW When temp + reg8 ≤ FFH AH ← temp%reg8, AL ← temp + reg8 When temp + reg8 > FFH (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0, PS ← (3, 2), PC ← (1, 0)	U	U	U	U	U	U
		mem8	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	mod 1 1 0 mem	2 to 4	temp ← AW When temp + (mem8) ≤ FFH AH ← temp%(mem8), AL ← temp + (mem8) When temp + (mem8) > FFH (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0, PS ← (3, 2), PC ← (1, 0)	U	U	U	U	U	U
		reg16	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 0 reg	2	temp ← DW, AW When temp + reg16 ≤ FFFFH DW ← temp%reg16, AW ← temp + reg16 When temp + reg16 > FFFFH (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0, PS ← (3, 2), PC ← (1, 0)	U	U	U	U	U	U
		mem16	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	mod 1 1 0 mem	2 to 4	temp ← DW, AW When temp + (mem16) ≤ FFFFH DW ← temp%(mem16), AW ← temp + (mem16) When temp + (mem16) > FFFFH (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0, PS ← (3, 2), PC ← (1, 0)	U	U	U	U	U	U

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Signed division	DIV	reg8	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	1 1 1 1 1 reg	2	temp ← AW When temp + reg8 > 0 and temp + reg8 ≤ 7FH or temp + reg8 < 0 and temp + reg8 > 0 - 7FH - 1 AH ← temp%reg8, AL ← temp + reg8 When temp + reg8 > 0 and temp + reg8 > 7FH or temp + reg8 > 0 and temp + reg8 < 0 - 7FH - 1 (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0, PS ← (3, 2), PC ← (1, 0)	U	U	U	U	U	U
		mem8	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	mod 1 1 1 mem	2 to 4	temp ← AW When temp + (mem8) > 0 and temp + (mem8) ≤ 7FH or temp + (mem8) < 0 and temp + (mem8) > 0 - 7FH - 1 AH ← temp%(mem8), AL ← temp + (mem8) When temp + (mem8) > 0 and temp + (mem8) > 7FH or temp + (mem8) > 0 and temp + (mem8) < 0 - 7FH - 1 (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0, PS ← (3, 2), PC ← (1, 0)	U	U	U	U	U	U
		reg16	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 reg	2	temp ← DW, AW When temp + reg16 > 0 and temp + reg16 ≤ 7FFFH or temp + reg16 < 0 and temp + reg16 > 0 - 7FFFH - 1 DW ← temp%reg16, AW ← temp + reg16 When temp + reg16 > 0 and temp + reg16 > 7FFFH or temp + reg16 > 0 and temp + reg16 < 0 - 7FFFH - 1 (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0, PS ← (3, 2), PC ← (1, 0)	U	U	U	U	U	U
		mem16	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	mod 1 1 1 mem	2 to 4	temp ← DW, AW When temp + (mem16) > 0 and temp + (mem16) ≤ 7FFFH or temp + (mem16) < 0 and temp + (mem16) > 0 - 7FFFH - 1 DW ← temp%(mem16), AW ← temp + (mem16) When temp + (mem16) > 0 and temp + (mem16) > 7FFFH or temp + (mem16) > 0 and temp + (mem16) < 0 - 7FFFH - 1 (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0, PS ← (3, 2), PC ← (1, 0)	U	U	U	U	U	U

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
BCD adjust-ment	ADJBA		0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1		1	When $AL \wedge 0FH > 9$ or $AC = 1$, $AL \leftarrow AL + 6$ $AH \leftarrow AH + 1$, $AC \leftarrow 1$, $CY \leftarrow AC$, $AL \leftarrow AL \wedge 0FH$	×	×	U	U	U	U
	ADJ4A		0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1		1	When $AL \wedge 0FH > 9$ or $AC = 1$, $AL \leftarrow AL + 6$, $AC \leftarrow 1$ When $AL > 9FH$ or $CY = 1$, $AL \leftarrow AL + 60H$, $CY \leftarrow 1$	×	×	U	×	×	×
	ADJBS		0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	When $AL \wedge 0FH > 9$ or $AC = 1$, $AL \leftarrow AL - 6$, $AH \leftarrow AH - 1$, $AC \leftarrow 1$ $CY \leftarrow AC$, $AL \leftarrow AL \wedge 0FH$	×	×	U	U	U	U
	ADJ4S		0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1		1	When $AL \wedge 0FH > 9$ or $AC = 1$, $AL \leftarrow AL - 6$, $AC \leftarrow 1$ When $AL > 9FH$ or $CY = 1$, $AL \leftarrow AL - 60H$, $CY \leftarrow 1$	×	×	U	×	×	×
Data conver- sion	CVTBD		1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0	2	$AH \leftarrow AL \div 0AH$, $AL \leftarrow AL \% 0AH$	U	U	U	×	×	×
	CVTDB		1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0	2	$AL \leftarrow AH \times 0AH + AL$, $AH \leftarrow 0$	U	U	U	×	×	×
	CVTBW		1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0		1	When $AL < 80H$, $AH \leftarrow 0$. In other cases, $AH \leftarrow FFH$.						
	CVTWL		1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1		1	When $AW < 8000H$, $DW \leftarrow 0$. In other cases, $DW \leftarrow FFFFH$.						
Compare	CMP	reg,reg'	0 0 1 1 1 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	$reg - reg'$	×	×	×	×	×	×
		mem,reg	0 0 1 1 1 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	$(mem) - reg$	×	×	×	×	×	×
		reg,mem	0 0 1 1 1 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	$reg - (mem)$	×	×	×	×	×	×
		reg,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	1 1 1 1 1 reg	3 to 4	$reg - imm$	×	×	×	×	×	×
		mem,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 s W	mod 1 1 1 mem	3 to 6	$(mem) - imm$	×	×	×	×	×	×
		acc,imm	0 0 1 1 1 1 0 W		2 to 3	When $W = 0$, $AL - imm$ When $W = 1$, $AW - imm$	×	×	×	×	×	×
Comple- ment opera- tion	NOT	reg	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 W	1 1 0 1 0 reg	2	$reg \leftarrow \overline{reg}$						
		mem	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 W	mod 0 1 0 mem	2 to 4	$(mem) \leftarrow \overline{(mem)}$						
	NEG	reg	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 W	1 1 0 1 1 reg	2	$reg \leftarrow \overline{reg} + 1$	×	×	×	×	×	×
		mem	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 W	mod 0 1 1 mem	2 to 4	$(mem) \leftarrow \overline{(mem)} + 1$	×	×	×	×	×	×

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Logical operation	TEST	reg,reg'	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 W	1 1 reg' reg	2	reg \wedge reg'	U	0	0	×	×	×
		mem,reg reg,mem	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) \wedge reg	U	0	0	×	×	×
		reg,imm	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 W	1 1 0 0 0 reg	3 to 4	reg \wedge imm	U	0	0	×	×	×
		mem,imm	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 W	mod 0 0 0 mem	3 to 6	(mem) \wedge imm	U	0	0	×	×	×
		acc,imm	1 0 1 0 1 0 0 W		2 to 3	When W = 0, AL \wedge imm8 When W = 1, AW \wedge imm16	U	0	0	×	×	×
	AND	reg,reg'	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg \leftarrow reg \wedge reg'	U	0	0	×	×	×
		mem,reg	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) \leftarrow (mem) \wedge reg	U	0	0	×	×	×
		reg,mem	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg \leftarrow reg \wedge (mem)	U	0	0	×	×	×
		reg,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 1 0 0 reg	3 to 4	reg \leftarrow reg \wedge imm	U	0	0	×	×	×
		mem,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 1 0 0 mem	3 to 6	(mem) \leftarrow (mem) \wedge imm	U	0	0	×	×	×
		acc,imm	0 0 1 0 0 1 0 W		2 to 3	When W = 0, AL \leftarrow AL \wedge imm8 When W = 1, AW \leftarrow AW \wedge imm16	U	0	0	×	×	×
	OR	reg,reg'	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg \leftarrow reg \vee reg'	U	0	0	×	×	×
		mem,reg	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) \leftarrow (mem) \vee reg	U	0	0	×	×	×
		reg,mem	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg \leftarrow reg \vee (mem)	U	0	0	×	×	×
		reg,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 0 1 reg	3 to 4	reg \leftarrow reg \vee imm	U	0	0	×	×	×
		mem,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 0 0 1 mem	3 to 6	(mem) \leftarrow (mem) \vee imm	U	0	0	×	×	×
		acc,imm	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 W		2 to 3	When W = 0, AL \leftarrow AL \vee imm8 When W = 1, AW \leftarrow AW \vee imm16	U	0	0	×	×	×
	XOR	reg,reg'	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 reg reg'	2	reg \leftarrow reg ∇ reg'	U	0	0	×	×	×
		mem,reg	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	(mem) \leftarrow (mem) ∇ reg	U	0	0	×	×	×
		reg,mem	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 W	mod reg mem	2 to 4	reg \leftarrow reg ∇ (mem)	U	0	0	×	×	×
		reg,imm	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 1 1 0 reg	3 to 4	reg \leftarrow reg ∇ imm	U	0	0	×	×	×
mem,imm		1 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 1 1 0 mem	3 to 6	(mem) \leftarrow (mem) ∇ imm	U	0	0	×	×	×	
acc,imm		0 0 1 1 0 1 0 W		2 to 3	When W = 0, AL \leftarrow AL ∇ imm8 When W = 1, AW \leftarrow AW ∇ imm16	U	0	0	×	×	×	

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags							
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z		
Bit manipulation	TEST1	reg8,CL	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0 0 0	reg	3	reg8 bit No. CL = 0: Z ← 1 reg8 bit No. CL = 1: Z ← 0	U	0	0	U	U	×	
		mem8,CL		0 0 0 0	mod 0 0 0 0	mem	3 to 5	(mem8) bit No. CL = 0: Z ← 1 (mem8) bit No. CL = 1: Z ← 0	U	0	0	U	U	×
		reg16,CL		0 0 0 1	1 1 0 0 0 0	reg	3	reg16 bit No. CL = 0: Z ← 1 reg16 bit No. CL = 1: Z ← 0	U	0	0	U	U	×
		mem16,CL		0 0 0 1	mod 0 0 0 0	mem	3 to 5	(mem16) bit No. CL = 0: Z ← 1 (mem16) bit No. CL = 1: Z ← 0	U	0	0	U	U	×
		reg8,imm3		1 0 0 0	1 1 0 0 0 0	reg	4	reg8 bit No. imm3 = 0: Z ← 1 reg8 bit No. imm3 = 1: Z ← 0	U	0	0	U	U	×
		mem8,imm3		1 0 0 0	mod 0 0 0 0	mem	4 to 6	(mem8) bit No. imm3 = 0: Z ← 1 (mem8) bit No. imm3 = 1: Z ← 0	U	0	0	U	U	×
		reg16,imm4		1 0 0 1	1 1 0 0 0 0	reg	4	reg16 bit No. imm4 = 0: Z ← 1 reg16 bit No. imm4 = 1: Z ← 0	U	0	0	U	U	×
		mem16,imm4		1 0 0 1	mod 0 0 0 0	mem	4 to 6	(mem16) bit No. imm4 = 0: Z ← 1 (mem16) bit No. imm4 = 1: Z ← 0	U	0	0	U	U	×
	NOT1	reg8,CL		0 1 1 0	1 1 0 0 0 0	reg	3	reg8 bit No. CL ← $\overline{\text{reg8 bit No. CL}}$						
		mem8,CL		0 1 1 0	mod 0 0 0 0	mem	3 to 5	(mem8) bit No. CL ← $\overline{(\text{mem8}) \text{ bit No. CL}}$						
		reg16,CL		0 1 1 1	1 1 0 0 0 0	reg	3	reg16 bit No. CL ← $\overline{\text{reg16 bit No. CL}}$						
		mem16,CL		0 1 1 1	mod 0 0 0 0	mem	3 to 5	(mem16) bit No. CL ← $\overline{(\text{mem16}) \text{ bit No. CL}}$						
		reg8,imm3		1 1 1 0	1 1 0 0 0 0	reg	4	reg8 bit No. imm3 ← $\overline{\text{reg8 bit No. imm3}}$						
		mem8,imm3		1 1 1 0	mod 0 0 0 0	mem	4 to 6	(mem8) bit No. imm3 ← $\overline{(\text{mem8}) \text{ bit No. imm3}}$						
reg16,imm4			1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0 0 0	reg	4	reg16 bit No. imm4 ← $\overline{\text{reg16 bit No. imm4}}$							
mem16,imm4			1 1 1 1	mod 0 0 0 0	mem	4 to 6	(mem16) bit No. imm4 ← $\overline{(\text{mem16}) \text{ bit No. imm4}}$							

2nd byte^{Note} 3rd byte^{Note} **Note** 1st byte = 0FH

	NOT1	CY	1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1		1	CY ← $\overline{\text{CY}}$		×					
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Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Bit manipulation	CLR1	reg8,CL	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	1 1 0 0 0 reg	3	reg8 bit No. CL ← 0						
		mem8,CL	0 0 1 0	mod 0 0 0 mem	3 to 5	(mem8) bit No. CL ← 0						
		reg16,CL	0 0 1 1	1 1 0 0 0 reg	3	reg16 bit No. CL ← 0						
		mem16,CL	0 0 1 1	mod 0 0 0 mem	3 to 5	(mem16) bit No. CL ← 0						
		reg8,imm3	1 0 1 0	1 1 0 0 0 reg	4	reg8 bit No. imm3 ← 0						
		mem8,imm3	1 0 1 0	mod 0 0 0 mem	4 to 6	(mem8) bit No. imm3 ← 0						
		reg16,imm4	1 0 1 1	1 1 0 0 0 reg	4	reg16 bit No. imm4 ← 0						
		mem16,imm4	1 0 1 1	mod 0 0 0 mem	4 to 6	(mem16) bit No. imm4 ← 0						
	SET1	reg8,CL	0 1 0 0	1 1 0 0 0 reg	3	reg8 bit No. CL ← 1						
		mem8,CL	0 1 0 0	mod 0 0 0 mem	3 to 5	(mem8) bit No. CL ← 1						
		reg16,CL	0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0 0 reg	3	reg16 bit No. CL ← 1						
		mem16,CL	0 1 0 1	mod 0 0 0 mem	3 to 5	(mem16) bit No. CL ← 1						
		reg8,imm3	1 1 0 0	1 1 0 0 0 reg	4	reg8 bit No. imm3 ← 1						
		mem8,imm3	1 1 0 0	mod 0 0 0 mem	4 to 6	(mem8) bit No. imm3 ← 1						
reg16,imm4		1 1 0 1	1 1 0 0 0 reg	4	reg16 bit No. imm4 ← 1							
mem16,imm4		1 1 0 1	mod 0 0 0 mem	4 to 6	(mem16) bit No. imm4 ← 1							

2nd byte ^{Note} 3rd byte ^{Note} **Note 1st byte = 0FH**

	CLR1	CY	1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0		1	CY ← 0	0				
		DIR	1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0		1	DIR ← 0					
	SET1	CY	1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1		1	CY ← 1	1				
		DIR	1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1		1	DIR ← 1					

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Shift	SHL	reg,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 1 0 0 reg	2	CY ← reg MSB, reg ← reg × 2 When reg MSB ≠ CY, V ← 1 When reg MSB = CY, V ← 0	U	×	×	×	×	×
		mem,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	mod 1 0 0 mem	2 to 4	CY ← (mem) MSB, (mem) ← (mem) × 2 When (mem) MSB ≠ CY, V ← 1 When (mem) MSB = CY, V ← 0	U	×	×	×	×	×
		reg,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 1 0 0 reg	2	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg MSB, reg ← reg × 2 temp ← temp - 1	U	×	U	×	×	×
		mem,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	mod 1 0 0 mem	2 to 4	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) MSB, (mem) ← (mem) × 2 temp ← temp - 1	U	×	U	×	×	×
		reg,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 1 0 0 reg	3	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg MSB, reg ← reg × 2 temp ← temp - 1	U	×	U	×	×	×
		mem,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 1 0 0 mem	3 to 5	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) MSB, (mem) ← (mem) × 2 temp ← temp - 1	U	×	U	×	×	×

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Shift	SHR	reg,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 1 0 1 reg	2	CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2 reg MSB ≠ bit following reg MSB: V ← 1 reg MSB = bit following reg MSB: V ← 0	U	×	×	×	×	×
		mem,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	mod 1 0 1 mem	2 to 4	CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2 (mem) MSB ≠ bit following (mem) MSB: V ← 1 (mem) MSB = bit following (mem) MSB: V ← 0	U	×	×	×	×	×
		reg,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 1 0 1 reg	2	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2 temp ← temp - 1	U	×	U	×	×	×
		mem,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	mod 1 0 1 mem	2 to 4	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2 temp ← temp - 1	U	×	U	×	×	×
		reg,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 1 0 1 reg	3	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2 temp ← temp - 1	U	×	U	×	×	×
		mem,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 1 0 1 mem	3 to 5	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2 temp ← temp - 1	U	×	U	×	×	×
	SHRA	reg,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 1 1 1 reg	2	CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2, V ← 0 The operand MSB remains the same status.	U	×	0	×	×	×
		mem,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	mod 1 1 1 mem	2 to 4	CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2, V ← 0 The operand MSB remains the same status.	U	×	0	×	×	×
		reg,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 1 1 1 reg	2	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2 temp ← temp - 1 The operand MSB remains the same status.	U	×	U	×	×	×
		mem,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	mod 1 1 1 mem	2 to 4	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2 temp ← temp - 1 The operand MSB remains the same status.	U	×	U	×	×	×
		reg,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 1 1 1 reg	3	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2 temp ← temp - 1 The operand MSB remains the same status.	U	×	U	×	×	×
		mem,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 1 1 1 mem	3 to 5	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2 temp ← temp - 1 The operand MSB remains the same status.	U	×	U	×	×	×

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags						
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z	
Rotate	ROL	reg,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 0 0 reg	2	CY ← reg MSB, reg ← reg × 2 + CY reg MSB ≠ CY: V ← 1 reg MSB = CY: V ← 0		×	×				
		mem,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 W	mod 0 0 0 mem	2 to 4	CY ← (mem) MSB, (mem) ← (mem) × 2 + CY (mem) MSB ≠ CY: V ← 1 (mem) MSB = CY: V ← 0		×	×				
		reg,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 0 0 0 reg	2	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg MSB, reg ← reg × 2 + CY temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		mem,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	mod 0 0 0 mem	2 to 4	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) MSB, (mem) ← (mem) × 2 + CY temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		reg,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 0 0 reg	3	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg MSB, reg ← reg × 2 + CY temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		mem,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 0 0 0 mem	3 to 5	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) MSB, (mem) ← (mem) × 2 + CY temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
	ROR	reg,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 0 1 reg	2	CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2 reg MSB ← CY reg MSB ≠ bit following reg MSB: V ← 1 reg MSB = bit following reg MSB: V ← 0		×	×				
		mem,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 W	mod 0 0 1 mem	2 to 4	CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2 (mem) MSB ← CY (mem) MSB ≠ bit following (mem) MSB: V ← 1 (mem) MSB = bit following (mem) MSB: V ← 0		×	×				
		reg,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 0 0 1 reg	2	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2 reg MSB ← CY temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		mem,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	mod 0 0 1 mem	2 to 4	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2 (mem) MSB ← CY temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		reg,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 0 1 reg	3	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← reg LSB, reg ← reg ÷ 2 reg MSB ← CY temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		mem,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 0 0 1 mem	3 to 5	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. CY ← (mem) LSB, (mem) ← (mem) ÷ 2 (mem) MSB ← CY temp ← temp - 1		×	U				

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags						
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z	
Rotate	ROLC	reg,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 1 0 reg	2	tmpcy ← CY, CY ← reg MSB reg ← reg × 2 + tmpcy reg MSB ≠ CY: V ← 1 reg MSB = CY: V ← 0		×	×				
		mem,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 W	mod 0 1 0 mem	2 to 4	tmpcy ← CY, CY ← (mem) MSB (mem) ← (mem) × 2 + tmpcy (mem) MSB ≠ CY: V ← 1 (mem) MSB = CY: V ← 0		×	×				
		reg,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 0 1 0 reg	2	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. tmpcy ← CY, CY ← reg MSB reg ← reg × 2 + tmpcy temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		mem,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	mod 0 1 0 mem	2 to 4	The following operations are repeated while temp ← CL and temp ≠ 0. tmpcy ← CY, CY ← (mem) MSB (mem) ← (mem) × 2 + tmpcy temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		reg,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 1 0 reg	3	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. tmpcy ← CY, CY ← reg MSB reg ← reg × 2 + tmpcy temp ← temp - 1		×	U				
		mem,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 0 1 0 mem	3 to 5	The following operations are repeated while temp ← imm8 and temp ≠ 0. tmpcy ← CY, CY ← (mem) MSB (mem) ← (mem) × 2 + tmpcy temp ← temp - 1		×	U				

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags						
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z	
Rotate	RORC	reg,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 1 1 reg	2	tmpcy \leftarrow CY, CY \leftarrow reg LSB reg \leftarrow reg + 2 reg MSB \leftarrow tmpcy reg MSB \neq bit following reg MSB: V \leftarrow 1 reg MSB = bit following reg MSB: V \leftarrow 0		×	×				
		mem,1	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 W	mod 0 1 1 mem	2 to 4	tmpcy \leftarrow CY, CY \leftarrow (mem) LSB (mem) \leftarrow (mem) + 2 (mem) MSB \leftarrow tmpcy (mem) MSB \neq bit following (mem) MSB: V \leftarrow 1 (mem) MSB = bit following (mem) MSB: V \leftarrow 0		×	×				
		reg,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	1 1 0 1 1 reg	2	The following operations are repeated while temp \leftarrow CL and temp \neq 0. tmpcy \leftarrow CY, CY \leftarrow reg LSB reg \leftarrow reg + 2 reg MSB \leftarrow tmpcy temp \leftarrow temp - 1		×	U				
		mem,CL	1 1 0 1 0 0 1 W	mod 0 1 1 mem	2 to 4	The following operations are repeated while temp \leftarrow CL and temp \neq 0. tmpcy \leftarrow CY, CY \leftarrow (mem) LSB (mem) \leftarrow (mem) + 2 (mem) MSB \leftarrow tmpcy temp \leftarrow temp - 1		×	U				
		reg,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	1 1 0 1 1 reg	3	The following operations are repeated while temp \leftarrow imm8 and temp \neq 0. tmpcy \leftarrow CY, CY \leftarrow reg LSB reg \leftarrow reg + 2 reg MSB \leftarrow tmpcy temp \leftarrow temp - 1		×	U				
		mem,imm8	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 W	mod 0 1 1 mem	3 to 5	The following operations are repeated while temp \leftarrow imm8 and temp \neq 0. tmpcy \leftarrow CY, CY \leftarrow (mem) LSB (mem) \leftarrow (mem) + 2 (mem) MSB \leftarrow tmpcy temp \leftarrow temp - 1		×	U				

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Sub-routine control	CALL	near-proc	1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0		3	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PC, SP ← SP - 2 PC ← PC + disp						
		regptr16	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1 0 reg	2	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PC, PC ← regptr16 SP ← SP - 2						
		memptr16	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 0 1 0 mem	2 to 4	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PC, SP ← SP - 2 PC ← (memptr16)						
		far-proc	1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0		5	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PS, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PC SP ← SP - 4 PS ← seg, PC ← offset						
		memptr32	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 0 1 1 mem	2 to 4	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PS, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PC SP ← SP - 4 PS ← (memptr32 + 2), PC ← (memptr32)						
	RET		1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1		1	PC ← (SP + 1, SP) SP ← SP + 2						
		pop-value	1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0		3	PC ← (SP + 1, SP) SP ← SP + 2, SP ← SP + pop-value						
			1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1		1	PC ← (SP + 1, SP) PS ← (SP + 3, SP + 2) SP ← SP + 4						
		pop-value	1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0		3	PC ← (SP + 1, SP) PS ← (SP + 3, SP + 2) SP ← SP + 4, SP ← SP + pop-value						

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Stack manipulation	PUSH	mem16	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 1 1 0 mem	2 to 4	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← (mem16) SP ← SP - 2						
		reg16	0 1 0 1 0 reg		1	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← reg16 SP ← SP - 2						
		sreg	0 0 0 sreg 1 1 0		1	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← sreg SP ← SP - 2						
		PSW	1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0		1	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW SP ← SP - 2						
		R	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0		1	Push registers on the stack						
		imm8	0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0		2	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← imm8 sign extension SP ← SP - 2						
		imm16	0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0		3	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← imm16 SP ← SP - 2						
	POP	mem16	1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	mod 0 0 0 mem	2 to 4	(mem16) ← (SP + 1, SP) SP ← SP + 2						
		reg16	0 1 0 1 1 reg		1	reg16 ← (SP + 1, SP) SP ← SP + 2						
		sreg	0 0 0 sreg 1 1 1		1	sreg ← (SP + 1, SP) SP ← SP + 2						
		PSW	1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1		1	PSW ← (SP + 1, SP) SP ← SP + 2	R	R	R	R	R	R
		R	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1		1	Pop registers from the stack						
	PREPARE	imm16,imm8	1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0		4	Prepare New Stack Frame						
DISPOSE		1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1		1	Dispose of Stack Frame							
Branch	BR	near-label	1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1		3	PC ← PC + disp						
		short-label	1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1		2	PC ← PC + ext-disp8						
		regptr16	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 0 0 reg	2	PC ← regptr16						
		memptr16	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 1 0 0 mem	2 to 4	PC ← (memptr16)						
		far-label	1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0		5	PS ← seg PC ← offset						
		memptr32	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 1 0 1 mem	2 to 4	PS ← (memptr32 + 2) PC ← (memptr32)						

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags						
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z	
Condi-tional branch	BV	short-label	0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0		2	if V = 1 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BNV	short-label		0 0 0 1	2	if V = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BC BL	short-label		0 0 1 0	2	if CY = 1 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BNC BNL	short-label		0 0 1 1	2	if CY = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BE BZ	short-label		0 1 0 0	2	if Z = 1 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BNE BNZ	short-label		0 1 0 1	2	if Z = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BNH	short-label		0 1 1 0	2	if CY ∨ Z = 1 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BH	short-label		0 1 1 1	2	if CY ∨ Z = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BN	short-label		1 0 0 0	2	if S = 1 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BP	short-label		1 0 0 1	2	if S = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BPE	short-label		1 0 1 0	2	if P = 1 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BPO	short-label		1 0 1 1	2	if P = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BLT	short-label		1 1 0 0	2	if S ∨ V = 1 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BGE	short-label		1 1 0 1	2	if S ∨ V = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BLE	short-label		1 1 1 0	2	if (S ∨ V) ∨ Z = 1 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	BGT	short-label		1 1 1 1	2	if (S ∨ V) ∨ Z = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	DBNZNE	short-label		1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	2	CW = CW - 1 if Z = 0 and CW ≠ 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8							
	DBNZE	short-label			0 0 0 1	2	CW = CW - 1 if Z = 1 and CW ≠ 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8						
	DBNZ	short-label			0 0 1 0	2	CW = CW - 1 if CW ≠ 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8						
	BCWZ	short-label			0 0 1 1	2	if CW = 0 PC ← PC + ext-disp8						
BTCLR ^{Note}	sfr, imm3, short-label	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0	5	When (sfr) bit No. imm3 = 1, PC ← PC + ext-disp8 and (sfr) bit No. imm3 ← 0.								

Note This instruction is newly added to the μPD70108/70116.

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags					
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z
Interrupt	BRK	3	1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0		1	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS, (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0 PS ← (15, 14), PC ← (13, 12)						
		imm8 (≠ 3)	1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1		2	(SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS, (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0 PS ← (n × 4 + 3, n × 4 + 2), PC ← (n × 4 + 1, n × 4) n = imm8						
	BRKV		1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0		1	When V = 1, (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS, (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0 PS ← (19, 18), PC ← (17, 16)						
	RETI		1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1		1	PC ← (SP + 1, SP), PS ← (SP + 3, SP + 2), PSW ← (SP + 5, SP + 4), SP ← SP + 6	R	R	R	R	R	R
	RETRB ^{Note}		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	2	PC ← Save PC, PSW ← Save PSW	R	R	R	R	R	R
	FINT ^{Note}		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	2	Reports the CPU internal interrupt controller that interrupt service routine operation has ended.						
	CHKIND	reg16, mem32	0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0	mod reg mem	2 to 4	When (mem32) > reg16 or (mem32 + 2) < reg16, (SP - 1, SP - 2) ← PSW, (SP - 3, SP - 4) ← PS, (SP - 5, SP - 6) ← PC, SP ← SP - 6 IE ← 0, BRK ← 0 PS ← (23, 22), PC ← (21, 20)						
Register bank switch	BRKCS ^{Note}	reg16	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1	3	RB2 - 0 ← lower 3 bits of reg16, IE ← 0, BRK ← 0 Save PSW ← PSW, Save PC ← PC, PC ← Vector PC						
			1 1 0 0 0 reg									
	TSKSW ^{Note}	reg16	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0	3	RB2 - 0 ← lower 3 bits of reg16, Old register bank Save PSW and Save PC ← PSW and PC, PSW and PC ← New register bank Save PSW and Save PC	×	×	×	×	×	×
			1 1 1 1 1 reg									

Note These instructions are newly added to the μ PD70108/70116.

Group	Mnemonic	Operand	Operation Code		Bytes	Operation	Flags						
			7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0			AC	CY	V	P	S	Z	
CPU control	HALT		1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0		1	CPU Halt							
	STOP	Note 2	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0	2	CPU Stop							
	POLL		1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1		1	Poll and wait							
	DI		1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0		1	IE ← 0							
	EI		1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1		1	IE ← 1							
	BUSLOCK		1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0		1	Bus Lock Prefix							
	FPO1	fp-op		1 1 0 1 1 X X X	1 1 Y Y Y Z Z Z	2	No Operation						
		Note 3	fp-op,mem	1 1 0 1 1 X X X	mod Y Y Y mem	2 to 4	data bus ← (mem)						
	FPO2	fp-op		0 1 1 0 0 1 1 X	1 1 Y Y Y Z Z Z	2	No Operation						
		Note 3	fp-op,mem	0 1 1 0 0 1 1 X	mod Y Y Y mem	2 to 4	data bus ← (mem)						
NOP			1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0		1	No Operation							
	Note 1		0 0 1 sreg 1 1 0		1	Segment override prefix							

Notes 1. DS0:, DS1:, PS: and SS:

2. This instruction is newly added to the μPD70108/70116.

3. In the μPD70320, an interrupt is generated without executing these instructions.

★

2.4 Number of Clocks Table

(1) Legend

The number of clocks, for memory operand, differs among addressing modes. So, use the following values for “EA” items shown in **Table 2-9 Number of Clocks**.

Table 2-8. Number of Clocks for Each Memory Addressing

mem \ mod	00		01		10	
		Clocks		Clocks		Clocks
000	BW + IX	3	BW + IX + disp8	3	BW + IX + disp16	4
001	BW + IY	3	BW + IY + disp8	3	BW + IY + disp16	4
010	BP + IX	3	BP + IX + disp8	3	BP + IX + disp16	4
011	BP + IY	3	BP + IY + disp8	3	BP + IY + disp16	4
100	IX	3	IX + disp8	3	IX + disp16	4
101	IY	3	IY + disp8	3	IY + disp16	4
110	Direct address	3	BP + disp8	3	BP + disp16	4
111	BW	3	BW + disp8	3	BW + disp16	4

“T” indicates the number of wait states. Use any number of waits starting at “0” (no wait).

(2) Number of clocks

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (1/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks			
			Byte Processing		Word Processing	
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable
Data transfer	MOV	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 4 + T	EA + 2	EA + 6 + 2·T	EA + 2
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		mem, imm	EA + 5 + T	EA + 5 + T	EA + 5 + 2·T	EA + 5 + T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		acc, dmem	9 + T	9 + T	11 + 2·T	11 + 2·T
		dmem, acc	7 + T	5	9 + 2·T	5
		sreg, reg16	—	—	4	4
		sreg, mem16	—	—	EA + 10 + 2·T	EA + 10 + 2·T
		reg16, sreg	—	—	3	3
		mem16, sreg	—	—	EA + 7 + 2·T	EA + 3
		DS0, reg16, mem32	—	—	EA + 19 + 4·T	EA + 19 + 4·T
		DS1, reg16, mem32	—	—	EA + 19 + 4·T	EA + 19 + 4·T
		AH, PSW	2	2	—	—
	PSW, AH	3	3	—	—	
	LDEA	reg16, mem16	—	—	EA + 2	EA + 2
	TRANS	src-table	10 + T	10 + T	—	—
	XCH	reg, reg'	3	3	3	3
		mem, reg/ reg, mem	EA + 10 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 14 + 2·T	EA + 10 + 2·T
		AW, reg16/ reg16, AW	—	—	4	4
MOVSPA		—	—	16	16	
MOVSPB	reg16	—	—	11	11	
Repeat prefix	REPC		2	2	2	2
	REPNC		2	2	2	2
	REP/REPE/ REPZ		2	2	2	2
	REPNE/ REPNZ		2	2	2	2
Primitive block transfer	MOVKB ^{Note 1} ^{Note 2}	dst-block, src-block	20 + 2·T	16 + T	24 + 4·T	20 + 2·T
			16 + (16 + 2·T)·n	16 + (12 + T)·n	16 + (20 + 4·T)·n	16 + (12 + 2·T)·n
	CMPKB ^{Note 1} ^{Note 2}	dst-block, src-block	23 + 2·T	19 + T	27 + 4·T	21 + 4·T
			16 + (21 + 2·T)·n	16 + (21 + 2·T)·n	16 + (25 + 4·T)·n	16 + (25 + 2·T)·n

Notes 1. Not repeated

2. Repeated, n: number of transfer times (n ≥ 1)

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (2/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks			
			Byte Processing		Word Processing	
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable
Primitive block transfer	CMPM ^{Note 1} ^{Note 2}	dst-block	17 + T	17 + T	19 + 2·T	19 + 2·T
		src-block	16 + (15 + T)·n	16 + (15 + T)·n	16 + (17 + 2·T)·n	16 + (17 + 2·T)·n
	LDM ^{Note 1} ^{Note 2}	src-block	12 + T	12 + T	14 + 2·T	14 + 2·T
			16 + (10 + T)·n	16 + (10 + T)·n	16 + (12 + 2·T)·n	16 + (12 + 2·T)·n
	STM ^{Note 1} ^{Note 2}	dst-block	12 + T	10	14 + 2·T	10
		16 + (8 + T)·n	16 + (6 + T)·n	16 + (10 + 2·T)·n	16 + (6 + 2·T)·n	
Bit field manipulation	INS	reg8, reg8'	63 to 155 (The processing differs among bit lengths.)			
		reg8, imm4	64 to 156 (The processing differs among bit lengths.)			
	EXT	reg8, reg8'	41 to 121 (The processing differs among bit lengths.)			
		reg8, imm4	42 to 122 (The processing differs among bit lengths.)			
I/O	IN ^{Note 3}	acc, imm8	14 + T	14 + T	16 + 2·T	16 + 2·T
		acc, DW	13 + T	13 + T	15 + 2·T	15 + 2·T
	OUT ^{Note 3}	imm8, acc	10 + T	10 + T	10 + 2·T	10 + 2·T
		DW, acc	9 + T	9 + T	9 + 2·T	9 + 2·T
Primitive I/O	INM ^{Note 3}	dst-block, DW	19 + 2·T	17 + 2·T	21 + 4·T	17 + 4·T
			18 + (13 + 2·T)·n	18 + (11 + 2·T)·n	18 + (15 + 4·T)·n	18 + (11 + 4·T)·n
	OUTM ^{Note 3}	DW, src-block	19 + 2·T	17 + 2·T	21 + 4·T	17 + 4·T
			18 + (13 + 2·T)·n	18 + (11 + 2·T)·n	18 + (15 + 4·T)·n	18 + (11 + 4·T)·n
Addition/subtraction	ADD	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 12 + 4·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		mem, imm	EA + 9 + 2·T	EA + 7 + 2·T	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 4·T
		acc, imm	5	5	6	6
	ADDC	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 12 + 4·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		mem, imm	EA + 9 + 2·T	EA + 7 + 2·T	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 4·T
acc, imm	5	5	6	6		

- Notes**
1. Not repeated
 2. Repeated, n: number of transfer times (n ≥ 1)
 3. When $\overline{\text{IBRK}} = 1$

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (3/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks			
			Byte Processing		Word Processing	
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable
Addition/ subtraction	SUB	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 12 + 4·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		mem, imm	EA + 9 + 2·T	EA + 7 + 2·T	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 4·T
		acc, imm	5	5	6	6
	SUBC	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 12 + 4·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		mem, imm	EA + 9 + 2·T	EA + 7 + 2·T	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 4·T
		acc, imm	5	5	6	6
BCD operation	ADD4S ^{Note}		$22 + (27 + 3·T)·n$	$22 + (25 + 3·T)·n$	—	—
	SUB4S ^{Note}		$22 + (27 + 3·T)·n$	$22 + (25 + 3·T)·n$	—	—
	CMP4S ^{Note}		$22 + (23 + 3·T)·n$	$22 + (23 + 3·T)·n$	—	—
	ROL4	reg8	17	17	—	—
		mem8	EA + 18 + 2·T	EA + 16 + 2·T	—	—
	ROR4	reg8	21	21	—	—
		mem8	EA + 24 + 2·T	EA + 22 + 2·T	—	—
Increment/ decrement	INC	reg8	5	5	—	—
		mem8	EA + 11 + 2·T	EA + 9 + 2·T	EA + 15 + 4·T	EA + 11 + 4·T
		reg16	—	—	2	2
	DEC	reg8	5	5	—	—
		mem8	EA + 11 + 2·T	EA + 9 + 2·T	EA + 15 + 4·T	EA + 11 + 4·T
		reg16	—	—	2	2
Multiplica- tion	MULU	reg8	24	24	—	—
		mem8	EA + 26 + T	EA + 26 + T	—	—
		reg16	—	—	32	32
		mem16	—	—	EA + 34 + 2·T	EA + 34 + 2·T

Note n: 1/2 of the number of BCD digits

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (4/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks			
			Byte Processing		Word Processing	
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable
Multiplication	MUL	reg8	31 to 40	31 to 40	—	—
		mem8	EA + 33 + T to EA + 42 + T	EA + 33 + T to EA + 42 + T	—	—
		reg16	—	—	39 to 48	39 to 48
		mem16	—	—	EA + 43 + 2·T to EA + 52 + 2·T	EA + 43 + 2·T to EA + 52 + 2·T
		reg16, (reg16'), imm8	—	—	39 to 49	39 to 49
		reg16, mem16, imm8	—	—	EA + 43 + 2·T to EA + 53 + 2·T	EA + 43 + 2·T to EA + 53 + 2·T
		reg16, (reg16'), imm16	—	—	40 to 50	40 to 50
		reg16, mem16, imm16	—	—	EA + 44 + 2·T to EA + 54 + 2·T	EA + 44 + 2·T to EA + 54 + 2·T
Unsigned division	DIVU	reg8	31	31	—	—
		mem8	EA + 33 + T	EA + 33 + T	—	—
		reg16	—	—	39	39
		mem16	—	—	EA + 43 + 2·T	EA + 43 + 2·T
Signed division	DIV	reg8	46 to 56	46 to 56	—	—
		mem8	EA + 48 + T to EA + 58 + T	EA + 48 + T to EA + 58 + T	—	—
		reg16	—	—	54 to 64	54 to 64
		mem16	—	—	EA + 58 + 2·T to EA + 68 + 2·T	EA + 58 + 2·T to EA + 68 + 2·T
BCD adjustment	ADJBA		17	17	—	—
	ADJ4A		9	9	—	—
	ADJBS		17	17	—	—
	ADJ4S		9	9	—	—
Data conversion	CVTBD		19	19	—	—
	CVTDB		20	20	—	—
	CVTBW		3	3	—	—
	CVTWL		—	—	8	8
Compare	CMP	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		mem, imm	EA + 7 + T	EA + 7 + T	EA + 10 + 2·T	EA + 10 + 2·T
		acc, imm	5	5	6	6

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (5/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks			
			Byte Processing		Word Processing	
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable
Complement operation	NOT	reg	5	5	5	5
		mem	EA + 11 + 2·T	EA + 9 + T	EA + 15 + 4·T	EA + 11 + 2·T
	NEG	reg	5	5	5	5
		mem	EA + 11 + 2·T	EA + 9 + T	EA + 15 + 4·T	EA + 11 + 2·T
Logical operation	TEST	reg, reg'	4	4	4	4
		mem, reg/ reg, mem	EA + 8 + T	EA + 8 + T	EA + 10 + 2·T	EA + 10 + 2·T
		reg, imm	7	7	8	8
		mem, imm	EA + 11 + T	EA + 11 + T	EA + 11 + 2·T	EA + 11 + 2·T
		acc, imm	5	5	6	6
	AND	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 12 + 4·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		mem, imm	EA + 9 + T	EA + 7 + T	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 4·T
		acc, imm	5	5	6	6
	OR	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 12 + 4·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		mem, imm	EA + 9 + T	EA + 7 + T	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 4·T
		acc, imm	5	5	6	6
	XOR	reg, reg'	2	2	2	2
		mem, reg	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 12 + 4·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, mem	EA + 6 + T	EA + 6 + T	EA + 8 + 2·T	EA + 8 + 2·T
		reg, imm	5	5	6	6
		mem, imm	EA + 9 + T	EA + 7 + T	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 4·T
		acc, imm	5	5	6	6
	Bit manipulation	TEST1	reg8, CL	7	7	—
mem8, CL			EA + 11 + T	EA + 11 + T	—	—
reg16, CL			—	—	7	7
mem16, CL			—	—	EA + 13 + 2·T	EA + 13 + 2·T
reg8, imm3			6	6	—	—
mem8, imm3			EA + 8 + T	EA + 8 + T	—	—
reg16, imm4			—	—	6	6
mem16, imm4			—	—	EA + 10 + 2·T	EA + 10 + 2·T
NOT1		reg8, CL	7	7	—	—
		mem8, CL	EA + 13 + 2·T	EA + 11 + T	—	—
	reg16, CL	—	—	7	7	

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (6/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks				
			Byte Processing		Word Processing		
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	
Bit manipulation	NOT1	mem16, CL	—	—	EA + 17 + 4·T	EA + 13 + 2·T	
		reg8, imm3	6	6	—	—	
		mem8, imm3	EA + 10 + 2·T	EA + 8 + T	—	—	
		reg16, imm4	—	—	6	6	
		mem16, imm4	—	—	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 2·T	
	NOT1	CY	2	2	2	2	
Bit manipulation	CLR1	reg8, CL	8	8	—	—	
		mem8, CL	EA + 14 + 2·T	EA + 12 + T	—	—	
		reg16, CL	—	—	8	8	
		mem16, CL	—	—	EA + 18 + 4·T	EA + 14 + 2·T	
		reg8, imm3	7	7	—	—	
		mem8, imm3	EA + 11 + 2·T	EA + 9 + T	—	—	
		reg16, imm4	—	—	7	7	
		mem16, imm4	—	—	EA + 15 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 2·T	
	SET1	reg8, CL	7	7	—	—	
		mem8, CL	EA + 13 + 2·T	EA + 11 + T	—	—	
		reg16, CL	—	—	7	7	
		mem16, CL	—	—	EA + 17 + 4·T	EA + 13 + 2·T	
		reg8, imm3	6	6	—	—	
		mem8, imm3	EA + 10 + 2·T	EA + 8 + T	—	—	
		reg16, imm4	—	—	6	6	
		mem16, imm4	—	—	EA + 14 + 4·T	EA + 10 + 2·T	
	CLR1	CY	2	2	2	2	
		DIR	2	2	2	2	
		SET1	CY	2	2	2	2
			DIR	2	2	2	2
	Shift	SHL	reg,1	8	8	8	8
			mem, 1	EA + 14 + 2·T	EA + 12 + T	EA + 18 + 4·T	EA + 14 + 2·T
			reg, CL	11 + 2·n	11 + 2·n	11 + 2·n	11 + 2·n
			mem, CL	EA + 17 + 2·T + 2·n	EA + 15 + T + 2·n	EA + 21 + 4·T + 2·n	EA + 17 + 2·T + 2·n
			reg, imm8	9 + 2·n	9 + 2·n	9 + 2·n	9 + 2·n
			mem, imm8	EA + 13 + 2·T + 2·n	EA + 11 + T + 2·n	EA + 17 + 4·T + 2·n	EA + 13 + 2·T + 2·n
		SHR	reg, 1	8	8	8	8
			mem, 1	EA + 14 + 2·T	EA + 12 + T	EA + 18 + 4·T	EA + 14 + 2·T

Note n: Shift count

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (7/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks			
			Byte Processing		Word Processing	
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable
Shift	SHR	reg, CL	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, CL	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 15 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 21 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
		reg, imm8	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, imm8	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 11 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
	SHRA	reg, 1	8	8	8	8
		mem, 1	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$	$EA + 12 + T$	$EA + 18 + 4 \cdot T$	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$
		reg, CL	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, CL	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 15 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 21 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
		reg, imm8	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, imm8	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 11 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
Rotate	ROL	reg, 1	8	8	8	8
		mem, 1	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$	$EA + 12 + T$	$EA + 18 + 4 \cdot T$	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$
		reg, CL	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, CL	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 15 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 21 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
		reg, imm8	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, imm8	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 11 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
	ROR	reg, 1	8	8	8	8
		mem, 1	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$	$EA + 12 + T$	$EA + 18 + 4 \cdot T$	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$
		reg, CL	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, CL	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 15 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 21 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
		reg, imm8	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, imm8	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 11 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
	ROLC	reg, 1	8	8	8	8
		mem, 1	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$	$EA + 12 + T$	$EA + 18 + 4 \cdot T$	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$
		reg, CL	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$	$11 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, CL	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 15 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 21 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
		reg, imm8	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$	$9 + 2 \cdot n$
		mem, imm8	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 11 + T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 17 + 4 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$	$EA + 13 + 2 \cdot T + 2 \cdot n$
	RORC	reg, 1	8	8	8	8
		mem, 1	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$	$EA + 12 + T$	$EA + 18 + 4 \cdot T$	$EA + 14 + 2 \cdot T$

Note n: Shift count

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (8/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks			
			Byte Processing		Word Processing	
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable
Rotate	RORC	Note 1 { reg, CL mem, CL reg, imm8 mem, imm8	11 + 2·n	11 + 2·n	11 + 2·n	11 + 2·n
			EA + 17 + 2·T + 2·n	EA + 15 + T + 2·n	EA + 21 + 4·T + 2·n	EA + 17 + 2·T + 2·n
			9 + 2·n	9 + 2·n	9 + 2·n	9 + 2·n
			EA + 13 + 2·T + 2·n	EA + 11 + T + 2·n	EA + 17 + 4·T + 2·n	EA + 13 + 2·T + 2·n
Subroutine control	CALL	near-proc	—	—	22 + 2·T	18 + 2·T
		regptr16	—	—	22 + 2·T	18 + 2·T
		memptr16	—	—	EA + 26 + 4·T	EA + 24 + 4·T
		far-proc	—	—	38 + 4·T	34 + 4·T
		memptr32	—	—	EA + 36 + 8·T	EA + 24 + 8·T
	RET		—	—	20 + 2·T	20 + 2·T
		pop-value	—	—	20 + 2·T	20 + 2·T
			—	—	29 + 4·T	29 + 4·T
		pop-value	—	—	30 + 4·T	30 + 4·T
Stack manipulation	PUSH	mem16	—	—	EA + 18 + 4·T	EA + 14 + 4·T
		reg16	—	—	10 + 2·T	6
		sreg	—	—	11 + 2·T	7
		PSW	—	—	10 + 2·T	6
		R	—	—	82 + 16·T	50
		imm8	—	—	13 + 2·T	9
		imm16	—	—	14 + 2·T	10
	POP	mem16	—	—	EA + 16 + 4·T	EA + 12 + 2·T
		reg16	—	—	12 + 2·T	12 + 2·T
		sreg	—	—	13 + 2·T	13 + 2·T
		PSW	—	—	14 + 2·T	14 + 2·T
		R	—	—	82 + 16·T	58
	PREPARE	imm16, imm8	When imm8 = 0, 27 + 2·T When imm8 = 1, 39 + 4·T When imm8 = n, n > 1, 46 + 19(n - 1) + 4·T			
			Note 2			
	DISPOSE		—	—	12 + 2·T	12 + 2·T

- Notes 1. n: Shift count
2. Depth of procedure block (lexical level)

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (9/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks			
			Byte Processing		Word Processing	
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable
Branch	BR	near-label	—	—	12	12
		short-label	—	—	12	12
		regptr16	—	—	13	13
		memptr16	—	—	EA + 17 + 2·T	EA + 17 + 2·T
		far-label	—	—	15	15
		memptr32	—	—	EA + 25 + 4·T	EA + 25 + 4·T
Conditional branch ^{Note}	BV	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BNV	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BC/BL	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BNC/BNL	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BE/BZ	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BNE/BNZ	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BNH	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BH	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BN	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BP	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BPE	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BPO	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BLT	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BGE	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BLE	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	BGT	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
	DBNZNE	short-label	—	—	17/8	17/8
	DBNZE	short-label	—	—	17/8	17/8
	DBNZ	short-label	—	—	17/8	17/8
	BCWZ	short-label	—	—	15/8	15/8
BTCLR	sfr, imm3, short-label	29/21	29/21	—	—	
Interrupt	BRK	3	—	—	55 + 10·T	43 + 10·T
		imm8 (≠ 3)	—	—	56 + 10·T	44 + 10·T
	BRKV		—	—	55 + 10·T	43 + 10·T
	RETI		—	—	45 + 6·T	37 + 2·T
	RETRBI		—	—	12	12
	FINT		2	2	2	2
CHKIND	reg16, mem32	—	—	EA + 26 + 4·T	EA + 26 + 4·T	

Note In the number of clocks, the value on the left side of / indicates the number of clocks when the condition is true, and the value on the right side indicates the number of clocks when the condition is false.

Table 2-9. Number of Clocks (10/10)

Group	Mnemonic	Operands	Number of Clocks				
			Byte Processing		Word Processing		
			On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	On-chip RAM Access Enable	On-chip RAM Access Disable	
Register bank switch	BRKCS	reg16	—	—	15	15	
	TSKSW	reg16	—	—	20	20	
CPU control	HALT		—	—	—	—	
	STOP		—	—	—	—	
	POLL		—	—	—	—	
	DI		4	4	4	4	
	EI		12	12	12	12	
	BUSLOCK		2	2	2	2	
	FPO1	fp-op		—	—	60 + 10·T	48 + 10·T
		fp-op, mem		—	—	60 + 10·T	48 + 10·T
	FPO2	fp-op		—	—	60 + 10·T	48 + 10·T
		fp-op, mem		—	—	60 + 10·T	48 + 10·T
NOP		4	4	4	4		
Segment override prefix (DS0:, DS1:, PS: and SS:)			2	2	2	2	

★ 3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		-0.5 to +7.0	V
	V _{TH}		-0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5	V
Input Voltage	V _I		-0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5	V
Output Voltage	V _O		-0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5	V
Output Current Low	I _{OL}	Each output pin	4.0	mA
		Total	50	mA
Output Current High	I _{OH}	Each output pin	-2.0	mA
		Total	-20	mA
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A		-10 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}		-65 to +150	°C

- Cautions**
1. Do not make direct connections of the output (or input/output) pins of the IC product with each other, and also avoid direct connections to V_{DD}, V_{CC} or GND. However, the open drain pins or the open collector pins can be directly connected with each other. For the external circuit designed with the timing specifications so that any collision of the outputs from the pins subject to high-impedance state may be prevented, direct connection can be also made.
 2. Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum ratings are exceeded for even a single parameter, or even momentarily. In other words, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions which ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded. The normal operation and reliability of the product can be only assured with the specifications and the conditions indicated as the DC and AC characteristics.

OSCILLATOR CHARACTERISTICS

μPD70325-8 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, 0 V ≤ V_{TH} ≤ V_{DD} + 0.1 V)

μPD70325-10 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±5%, V_{SS} = 0 V, 0 V ≤ V_{TH} ≤ V_{DD} + 0.1 V)

Resonator	Recommended Circuit	Parameter	μPD70325-8		μPD70325-10		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Ceramic or Crystal Resonator		Oscillation frequency (f _{xx})	4	16	4	20	MHz
External Clock	①	X1 input frequency (f _x)	4	16	4	20	MHz
	X1 input rise/fall time (t _{xR} , t _{xF})	0	20	0	15	ns	
	or ②	X1 input high-/low-level width (t _{wxH} , t _{wxL})	20		16		ns

- Cautions**
1. Mount the oscillation circuit as close to pins X1 and X2 as possible.
 2. Do not route other signal lines through the area within the dotted line.

RECOMMENDED OSCILLATOR CONSTANT

(1) The following ceramic resonator and external capacity are recommended.

Manufacturer	Part Number	Recommended Constants	
		C1 [pF]	C2 [pF]
Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.	CSA16.00MX040	30	30
	CSA20.00MX040	10	10
TDK	FCR16.0M2G	30	30

(2) The following crystal resonator and external capacity are recommended.

Manufacturer	Part Number	Recommended Constants	
		C1 [pF]	C2 [pF]
Kinseki Co., Ltd.	HC-49/U(KR-100)	22	22
	HC-49/U(KR-160)	22	22
	HC-49/U(KR-200)	22	22

Remark For more details on the characteristics of the resonators, please contact the manufacturer.

CAPACITANCE (T_A = 25°C, V_{DD} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input Capacitance	C _i	f _c = 1 MHz			10	pF
Output Capacitance	C _o	Unmeasured pins returned to 0 V.			20	pF
Input/output Capacitance	C _{io}				20	pF

DC CHARACTERISTICS

μPD70325-8 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±10%)

μPD70325-10 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±5%)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input Voltage Low	V _{IL}		0		0.8	V
Input Voltage High	V _{IH1}	Except $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, P10/NMI, X1, X2	2.2		V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH2}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$, P10/NMI, X1, X2	0.8V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Output Voltage Low	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 1.6 mA			0.45	V
Output Voltage High	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -0.4 mA	V _{DD} - 1.0			V
Input Current	I _i	$\overline{\text{EA}}$, P10/NMI; 0 ≤ V _i ≤ V _{DD}			±20	μA
Input Leakage Current	I _{LI}	Except $\overline{\text{EA}}$, P10/NMI; 0 ≤ V _i ≤ V _{DD}			±10	μA
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	0 ≤ V _o ≤ V _{DD}			±10	μA
V _{TH} Current	I _{TH}	0 V ≤ V _{TH} ≤ V _{DD}		0.5	1.0	mA
V _{DD} Supply Current	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	μPD70325-8	65	120	mA
			μPD70325-10	95	130	mA
	I _{DD2}	HALT mode	μPD70325-8	25	50	mA
			μPD70325-10	30	55	mA
I _{DD3}	STOP mode		10	30	μA	

AC CHARACTERISTICS

(1) μPD70325-8 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±10%)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
X1 Input Cycle Time	t _{cyX}		62	250	ns
X1 Input High-/Low-Level Width	t _{wXH} , t _{wXL}		20		ns
X1 Input Rise/Fall Time	t _{xR} , t _{xF}			20	ns
CLKOUT Output Cycle Time	t _{cyK}	f _x /2, T = t _{cyK}	125	2000	ns
CLKOUT Output High-/Low-Level Width	t _{wKH} , t _{wKL}		0.5T - 15		ns
CLKOUT Output Rise/Fall Time	t _{kR} , t _{kF}			15	ns
Input Rise/Fall Time	t _{iR} , t _{iF}	Except $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, NMI, X1 and X2		20	ns
	t _{iRS} , t _{iFS}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$, NMI		30	ns
Output Rise/Fall Time	t _{oR} , t _{oF}	Except CLKOUT		20	ns

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Address Delay Time from CLKOUT	tDKA		15	90	ns
Data Input Delay Time from Address	tDADR			$(n + 1.5)T - 70$	ns
Data Delay Time from $\overline{\text{MREQ}} \downarrow$	tDMRD			$(n + 1)T - 60$	ns
Data Delay Time from $\overline{\text{MSTB}} \downarrow$	tDMSD			$(n + 0.5)T - 60$	ns
$\overline{\text{MSTB}} \downarrow$ Delay Time from $\overline{\text{MREQ}} \downarrow$	tDMRMS		$0.5T - 35$	$0.5T + 35$	ns
$\overline{\text{MREQ}}$ Low-Level Width	tWMRL		$(n + 1)T - 30$	$(n + 1)T + 30$	ns
Address Hold Time (from $\overline{\text{MREQ}} \uparrow$)	tHMA		$0.5T - 30$		ns
Data Input Hold Time (from $\overline{\text{MREQ}} \uparrow$)	tHMDR		0		ns
Control Signal Recovery Time	tRVC		$T - 25$		ns
Data Output Delay Time from Address	tDADW		$0.5T - 35$	$0.5T + 50$	ns
Address Setup Time (to $\overline{\text{MREQ}} \downarrow$)	tDAMR		$0.5T - 30$		ns
Address Setup Time (to $\overline{\text{MSTB}} \downarrow$)	tDAMS		$T - 30$		ns
$\overline{\text{MSTB}}$ Low-Level Width	tWMSL		$(n + 0.5)T - 30$	$(n + 0.5)T + 30$	ns
Data Output Setup Time (to $\overline{\text{MSTB}} \uparrow$)	tSDM		$(n + 1)T - 50$		ns
Data Output Hold Time (from $\overline{\text{MSTB}} \uparrow$)	tHMDW		$0.5T - 30$		ns
Address Setup Time (to $\overline{\text{IOSTB}} \downarrow$)	tDAIS		$0.5T - 30$		ns
Data Delay Time from $\overline{\text{IOSTB}} \downarrow$	tDISD			$(n + 1)T - 60$	ns
$\overline{\text{IOSTB}}$ Low-Level Width	tWISL		$(n + 1)T - 30$		ns
Address Hold Time (from $\overline{\text{IOSTB}} \uparrow$)	tHISA		$0.5T - 30$		ns
Data Input Hold Time (from $\overline{\text{IOREQ}} \uparrow$)	tHISDR		0		ns
Data Output Setup Time (to $\overline{\text{IOSTB}} \uparrow$)	tSDIS		$(n + 1)T - 50$		ns
Data Output Hold Time (from $\overline{\text{IOSTB}} \uparrow$)	tHISDW		$0.5T - 30$		ns
$\overline{\text{DMARQ}}$ Setup Time (to $\overline{\text{MREQ}} \downarrow$)	tSDADQ	Demand release mode, $n \geq 2$		$(n - 1)T - 50$	ns
$\overline{\text{DMARQ}}$ Hold Time (from $\overline{\text{DMAAK}} \downarrow$)	tHDADQ	Demand release mode	0		ns
$\overline{\text{DMAAK}}$ Output Low-Level Width	tWDMRL	Read operation	$(n + 1.5)T - 30$		ns
$\overline{\text{TC}} \downarrow$ Delay Time from $\overline{\text{DMAAK}} \downarrow$	tDDATC			$0.5T + 50$	ns
$\overline{\text{TC}}$ Low-Level Width	tWTCL		$(n + 2)T - 30$		ns
$\overline{\text{DMAAK}}$ Output Low-Level Width	tWDMWL	Write operation	$(n + 1)T - 30$		ns
Address Setup Time (to $\overline{\text{REFRQ}} \downarrow$)	tDARF		$0.5T - 30$		ns
$\overline{\text{REFRQ}}$ Low-Level Width	tWRFL		$(n + 1)T - 30$		ns
Address Hold Time (from $\overline{\text{REFRQ}} \uparrow$)	tHRFA		$0.5T - 30$		ns
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Low-Level Width	tWRSL1	STOP mode release/ power-ON reset	30		ms
	tWRSL2	System reset	5		μs
READY Setup Time (to $\overline{\text{MREQ}} \downarrow$, $\overline{\text{IOSTB}} \downarrow$)	tSCRY0	$n \geq 2$		$T - 100$	ns
	tSCRY	$n \geq 3$		$(n - 1)T - 100$	ns

Remark n indicates the number of wait states. No wait is “n = 0”.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
READY Hold Time (from MREQ ↓, IOSTB ↓)	t _{HCRY0}	n = 2	T		ns
	t _{HCRY}	n ≥ 3	(n - 1)T		ns
	t _{HCRY1}	n ≥ 3	(n - 2)T		ns
HLD _{RQ} Setup Time (to CLKOUT ↑)	t _{SHQK}		30		ns
HLD _{AK} ↓ Delay Time from CLKOUT ↑	t _{DKHA}		15	80	ns
HLD _{AK} ↓ Delay Time from Bus Float	t _{CFHA}		T - 50		ns
Bus Output Delay Time from HLD _{AK} ↑	t _{DHAC}		T - 50		ns
HLD _{AK} ↑ Delay Time from HLD _{RQ} ↓	t _{DHQHA}			3T + 160	ns
Bus Output Delay Time from HLD _{RQ} ↓	t _{DHQC}		3T + 30		ns
HLD _{RQ} Low-Level Width	t _{WHQL}		1.5T		ns
HLD _{AK} Low-Level Width	t _{WHAL}		T		ns
INT, DMARQ Setup Time (to CLKOUT ↑)	t _{SIQK}		30		ns
INT, DMARQ High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WIQH} , t _{WIQL}		8T		ns
POLL Setup Time (to CLKOUT ↑)	t _{SPLK}		30		ns
NMI High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WNIH} , t _{WNIL}		5		μs
CTS Low-Level Width	t _{WCTL}		2T		ns
INT Setup Time (to CLKOUT ↑)	t _{SIRK}		30		ns
INT _{AK} ↓ Delay Time from CLKOUT ↓	t _{DKIA}		15	80	ns
INT Hold Time (from INT _{AK} ↓)	t _{HIAIQ}		0		ns
INT _{AK} Low-Level Width	t _{WIAL}		2T - 30		ns
INT _{AK} High-Level Width	t _{WIAH}		T - 30		ns
Data Delay Time from INT _{AK} ↓	t _{DIAD}			2T - 130	ns
Data Hold Time (from INT _{AK} ↑)	t _{HIAD}		0	0.5T	ns
SCK ₀ Cycle Time	t _{CYTK}		1000		ns
SCK ₀ High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WSTH} , t _{WSTL}		450		ns
TxD Delay Time from SCK ₀ ↓	t _{DTKD}			210	ns
TxD Hold Time (from SCK ₀ ↓)	t _{HTKD}		20		ns
CTS ₀ Cycle Time	t _{CYRK}		1000		ns
CTS ₀ High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WSRH} , t _{WSRL}		420		ns
RxD Setup/Hold Time (to/from CTS ₀ ↑)	t _{SRDK} , t _{HKRD}		80		ns

Remark n indicates the number of wait states. No wait is "n = 0".

(2) μPD70325-10 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±5%)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
X1 Input Cycle Time	t _{CYX}		49	250	ns
X1 Input High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WXH} , t _{WXL}		16		ns
X1 Input Rise/Fall Time	t _{XR} , t _{XF}			15	ns
CLKOUT Output Cycle Time	t _{CYK}	f _X /2, T = t _{CYK}	100	2000	ns
CLKOUT Output High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WKH} , t _{WKL}		0.5T - 12		ns
CLKOUT Output Rise/Fall Time	t _{KR} , t _{KF}			12	ns
Input Rise/Fall Time	t _{IR} , t _{IF}	Except RESET, NMI, X1 and X2		20	ns
	t _{IRS} , t _{IFS}	RESET, NMI		30	ns
Output Rise/Fall Time	t _{OR} , t _{OF}	Except CLKOUT		15	ns
Address Delay Time from CLKOUT	t _{DKA}		15	75	ns
Data Input Delay Time from Address	t _{DADR}			(n + 1.5)T - 60	ns
Data Delay Time from MREQ ↓	t _{DMRD}			(n + 1)T - 50	ns
Data Delay Time from MSTB ↓	t _{DMSD}			(n + 0.5)T - 50	ns
MSTB ↓ Delay Time from MREQ ↓	t _{DMRMS}		0.5T - 20	0.5T + 30	ns
MREQ Low-Level Width	t _{WMRL}		(n + 1)T - 25	(n + 1)T + 25	ns
Address Hold Time (from MREQ ↑)	t _{HMA}		0.5T - 30		ns
Data Input Hold Time (from MREQ ↑)	t _{HMDR}		0		ns
Control Signal Recovery Time	t _{RVC}		T - 25		ns
Data Output Delay Time from Address	t _{DADW}		0.5T - 30	0.5T + 50	ns
Address Setup Time (to MREQ ↓)	t _{DAMR}		0.5T - 30		ns
Address Setup Time (to MSTB ↓)	t _{DAMS}		T - 30		ns
MSTB Low-Level Width	t _{WMSL}		(n + 0.5)T - 25	(n + 0.5)T + 25	ns
Data Output Setup Time (to MSTB ↑)	t _{SDM}		(n + 1)T - 50		ns
Data Output Hold Time (from MSTB ↑)	t _{HMDW}		0.5T - 30		ns
Address Setup Time (to IOSTB ↓)	t _{DAIS}		0.5T - 30		ns
Data Delay Time from IOSTB ↓	t _{DISD}			(n + 1)T - 50	ns
IOSTB Low-Level Width	t _{WISL}		(n + 1)T - 25		ns
Address Hold Time (from IOSTB ↑)	t _{HISA}		0.5T - 30		ns
Data Input Hold Time (from IOREQ ↑)	t _{HISDR}		0		ns
Data Output Setup Time (to IOSTB ↑)	t _{SDIS}		(n + 1)T - 50		ns
Data Output Hold Time (from IOSTB ↑)	t _{HISDW}		0.5T - 30		ns
DMARQ Setup Time (to MREQ ↓)	t _{SDADQ}	Demand release mode, n ≥ 2		(n - 1)T - 50	ns
DMARQ Hold Time (from DMAAK ↓)	t _{HDADQ}	Demand release mode	0		ns
DMAAK Output Low-Level Width	t _{WDMRL}	Read operation	(n + 1.5)T - 25		ns
TC ↓ Delay Time from DMAAK ↓	t _{DATC}			0.5T + 35	ns
TC Low-Level Width	t _{WTCL}		(n + 2)T - 25		ns
DMAAK Output Low-Level Width	t _{WDMWL}	Write operation	(n + 1)T - 25		ns
Address Setup Time (to REFRQ ↓)	t _{DARF}		0.5T - 30		ns
REFRQ Low-Level Width	t _{WRFL}		(n + 1)T - 25		ns
Address Hold Time (from REFRQ ↑)	t _{HRFA}		0.5T - 30		ns

Remark n indicates the number of wait states. No wait is "n = 0".

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
RESET Low-Level Width	t _{WRSL1}	STOP mode release/ power-ON reset	30		ms
	t _{WRSL2}	System reset	5		μs
READY Setup Time (to MREQ ↓, IOSTB ↓)	t _{SCRY0}	n ≥ 2		T – 80	ns
	t _{SCRY}	n ≥ 3		(n – 1)T – 80	ns
READY Hold Time (from MREQ ↓, IOSTB ↓)	t _{HCRY0}	n = 2	T		ns
	t _{HCRY}	n ≥ 3	(n – 1)T		ns
	t _{HCRY1}	n ≥ 3	(n – 2)T		ns
HLDRQ Setup Time (to CLKOUT ↑)	t _{SHQK}		25		ns
HLD $\overline{\text{AK}}$ ↓ Delay Time from CLKOUT ↑	t _{DKHA}		15	70	ns
HLD $\overline{\text{AK}}$ ↓ Delay Time from Bus Float	t _{CFHA}		T – 35		ns
Bus Output Delay Time from HLD $\overline{\text{AK}}$ ↑	t _{DHAC}		T – 35		ns
HLD $\overline{\text{AK}}$ ↑ Delay Time from HLDRQ ↓	t _{DHOHA}			3T + 160	ns
Bus Output Delay Time from HLDRQ ↓	t _{DHQC}		3T + 30		ns
HLDRQ Low-Level Width	t _{WHQL}		1.5T		ns
HLD $\overline{\text{AK}}$ Low-Level Width	t _{WHAL}		T		ns
INT, DMARQ Setup Time (to CLKOUT ↑)	t _{SIQK}		25		ns
INT, DMARQ High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WIQH} , t _{WIQL}		8T		ns
POLL Setup Time (to CLKOUT ↑)	t _{SPLK}		25		ns
NMI High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WNIH} , t _{WNIL}		5		μs
CTS Low-Level Width	t _{WCTL}		2T		ns
INT Setup Time (to CLKOUT ↑)	t _{SIRK}		25		ns
INT $\overline{\text{AK}}$ ↓ Delay Time from CLKOUT ↓	t _{DKIA}		15	70	ns
INT Hold Time (from INT $\overline{\text{AK}}$ ↓)	t _{HIAIQ}		0		ns
INT $\overline{\text{AK}}$ Low-Level Width	t _{WIAL}		2T – 25		ns
INT $\overline{\text{AK}}$ High-Level Width	t _{WIAH}		T – 25		ns
Data Delay Time from INT $\overline{\text{AK}}$ ↓	t _{DIAD}			2T – 100	ns
Data Hold Time (from INT $\overline{\text{AK}}$ ↑)	t _{HIAD}		0	0.5T	ns
SCK $\overline{0}$ Cycle Time	t _{CYTK}		1000		ns
SCK $\overline{0}$ High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WSTH} , t _{WSTL}		450		ns
TxD Delay Time from SCK $\overline{0}$ ↓	t _{DTKD}			210	ns
TxD Hold Time (from SCK $\overline{0}$ ↓)	t _{HTKD}		20		ns
CTS $\overline{0}$ Cycle Time	t _{CYRK}		1000		ns
CTS $\overline{0}$ High-/Low-Level Width	t _{WSRH} , t _{WSRL}		420		ns
RxD Setup/Hold Time (to/from CTS $\overline{0}$ ↑)	t _{SRDK} , t _{HKRD}		80		ns

Remark n indicates the number of wait states. No wait is “n = 0”.

COMPARATOR CHARACTERISTICS

μPD70325-8 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±10%)

μPD70325-10 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±5%)

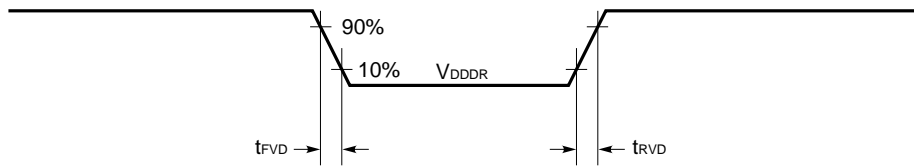
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Comparator Accuracy	V _{ACOMP}				±100	mV
Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}		0		V _{DD} + 0.1	V
Compare Time	t _{COMP}		64		65	t _{CLK}
PT Input Voltage	V _{IPT}		0		V _{DD}	V

DATA MEMORY STOP MODE LOW SUPPLY VOLTAGE DATA HOLDING CHARACTERISTICS

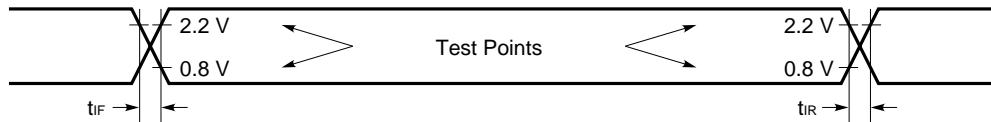
(T_A = -10 to +70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Data Hold Supply Voltage	V _{DDDR}		2.5	5.5	V
V _{DD} Rise/Fall Time	t _{RV} , t _{FV}		200		μs

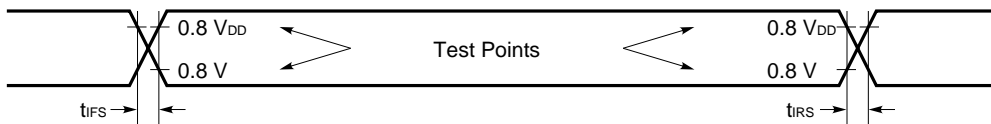
DATA HOLDING TIMING



AC TEST INPUT WAVEFORM (Except RESET, NMI, X1 and X2)

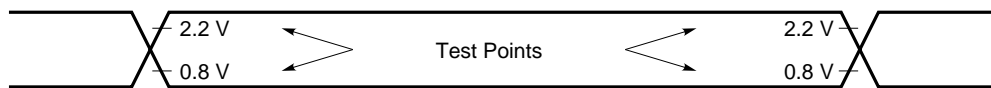


AC TEST INPUT WAVEFORM (RESET, NMI, X1 and X2)

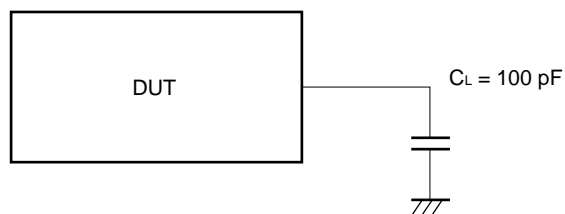


AC TEST OUTPUT TEST POINTS

Output load condition: 100 pF

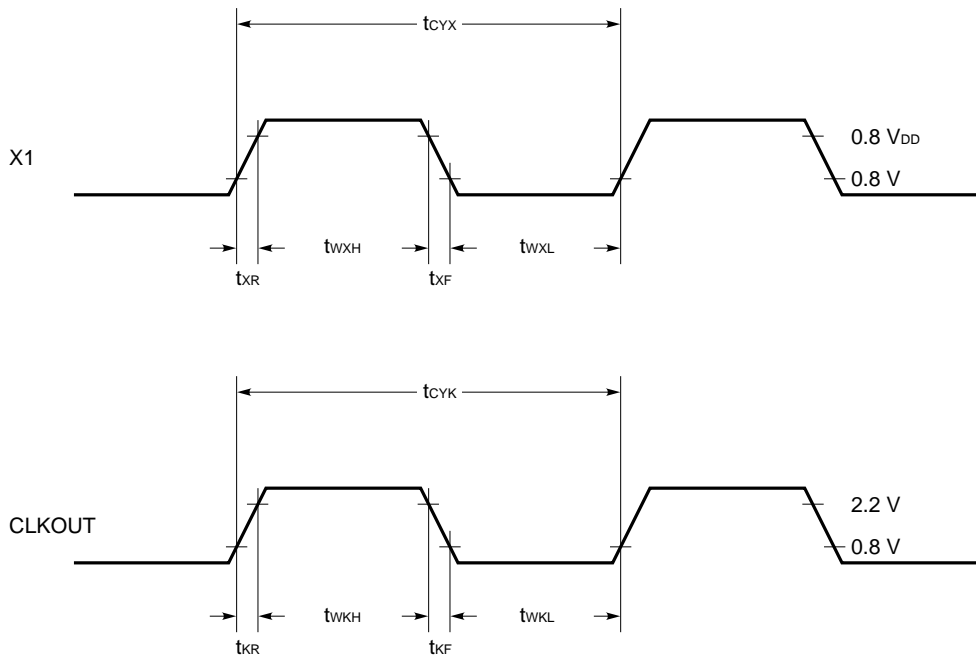


LOAD CONDITION

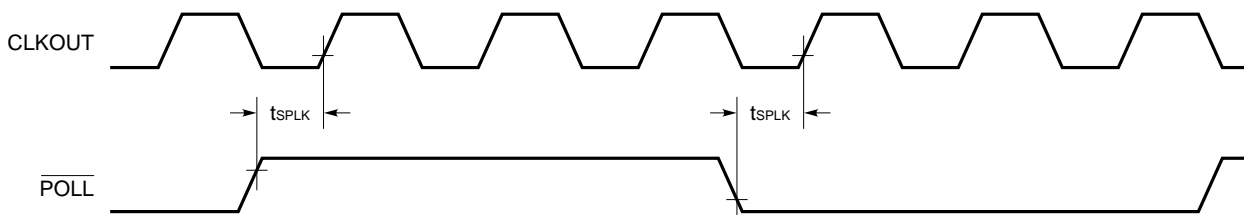


Caution When the load capacity exceeds 100 pF depending on the circuit configuration, make the load capacity of this device less than 100 pF by inserting a buffer, etc.

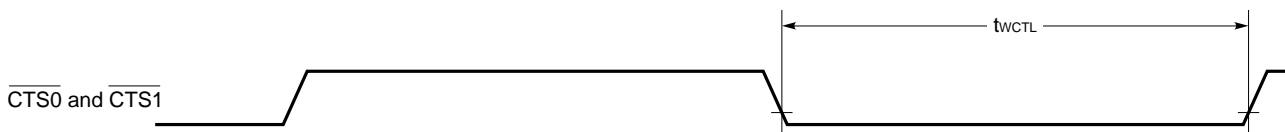
CLOCK TIMING



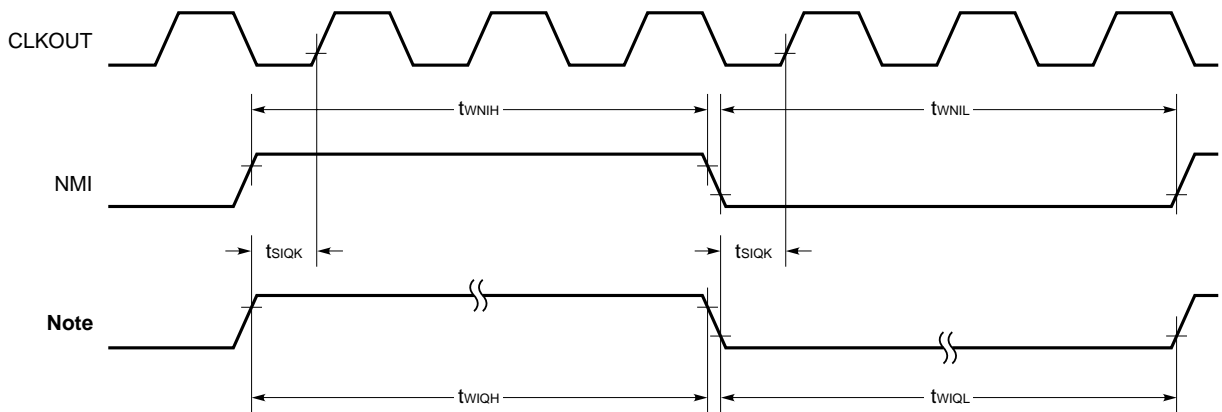
POLL INPUT TIMING



$\overline{CTS0}$ AND $\overline{CTS1}$ INPUT TIMING



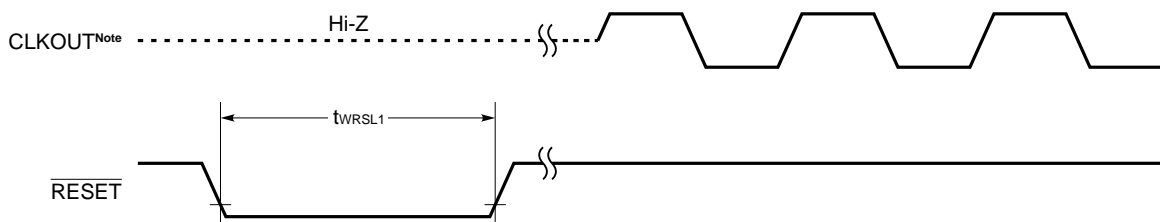
INTERRUPT INPUT/DMA INPUT TIMING



Note $\overline{\text{INTP0}}$ to $\overline{\text{INTP2}}$, $\overline{\text{DMARQ0}}$ to $\overline{\text{DMARQ1}}$

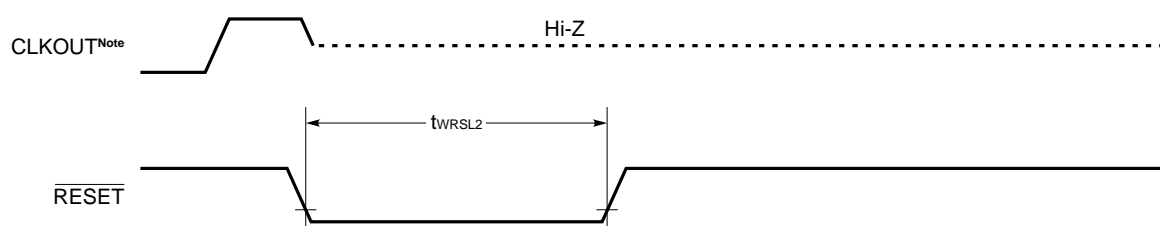
RESET INPUT TIMING

When STOP mode is released/at power-on reset:



Note CLKOUT signal is output after CLKOUT output is set.

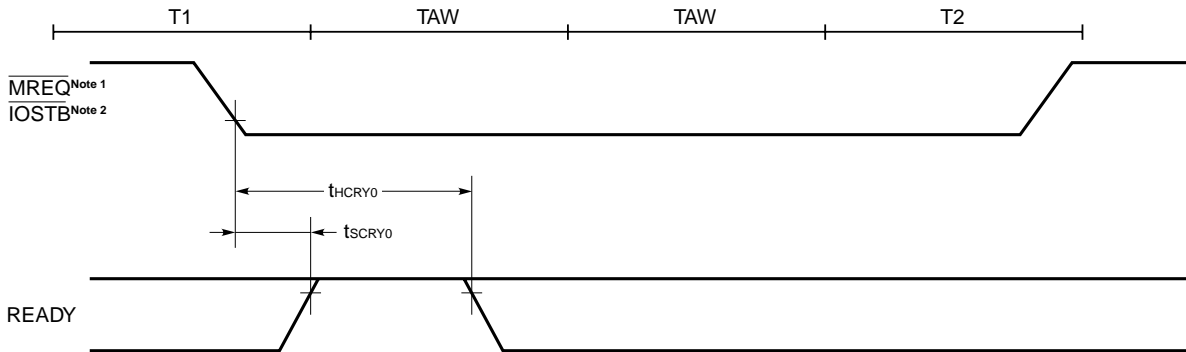
When system is reset:



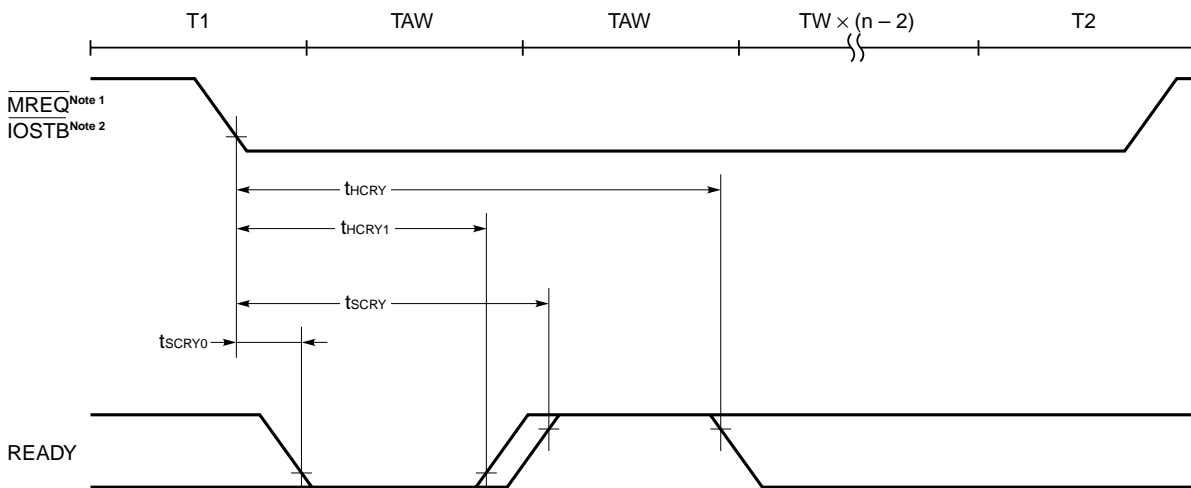
Note CLKOUT output is set to input port by $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ input.

READY TIMING

When 2 wait states are inserted:



When (n - 2) extra wait states are inserted [n ≥ 3]:

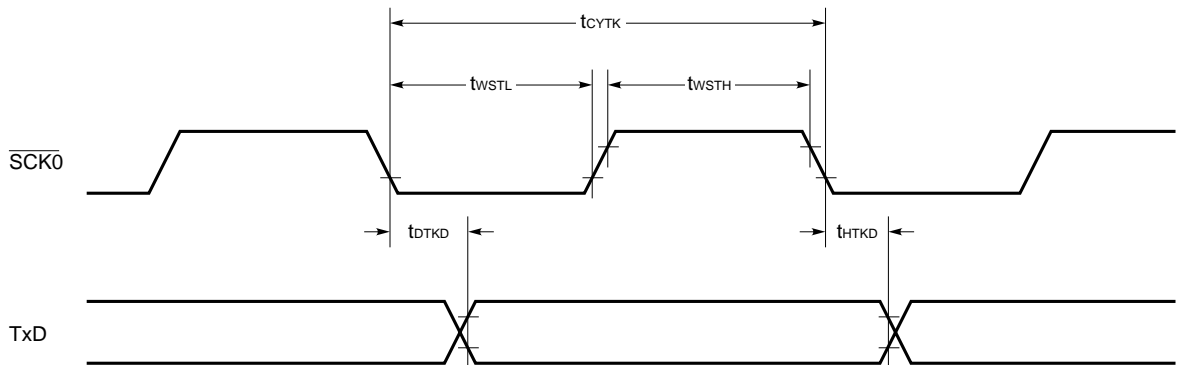


- Notes**
1. In case of memory cycle
 2. In case of I/O cycle

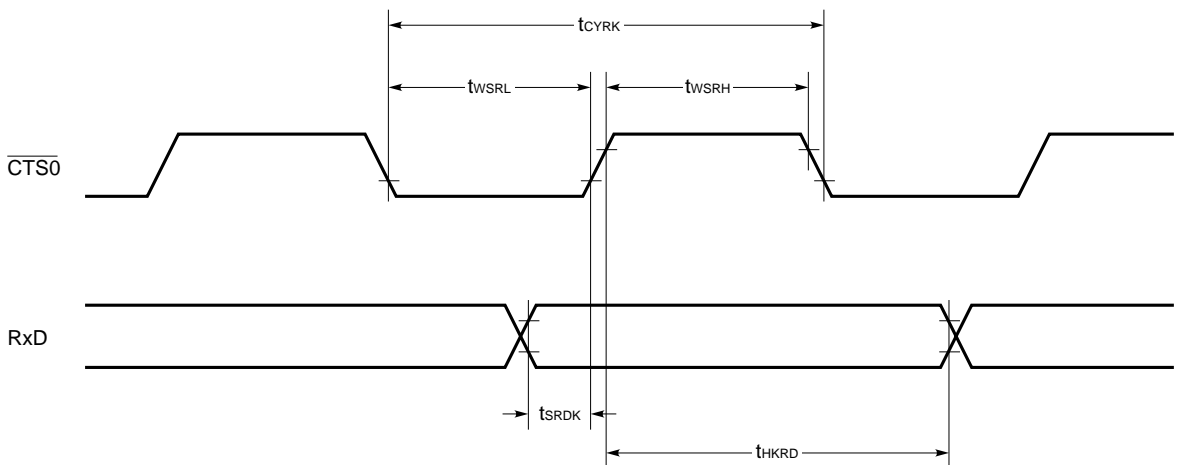
Caution The wait state insertion by the external READY signal is necessary to make the value of wait control register (WTC) "11" (2 waits + insertion state by READY pin).

SERIAL OPERATION

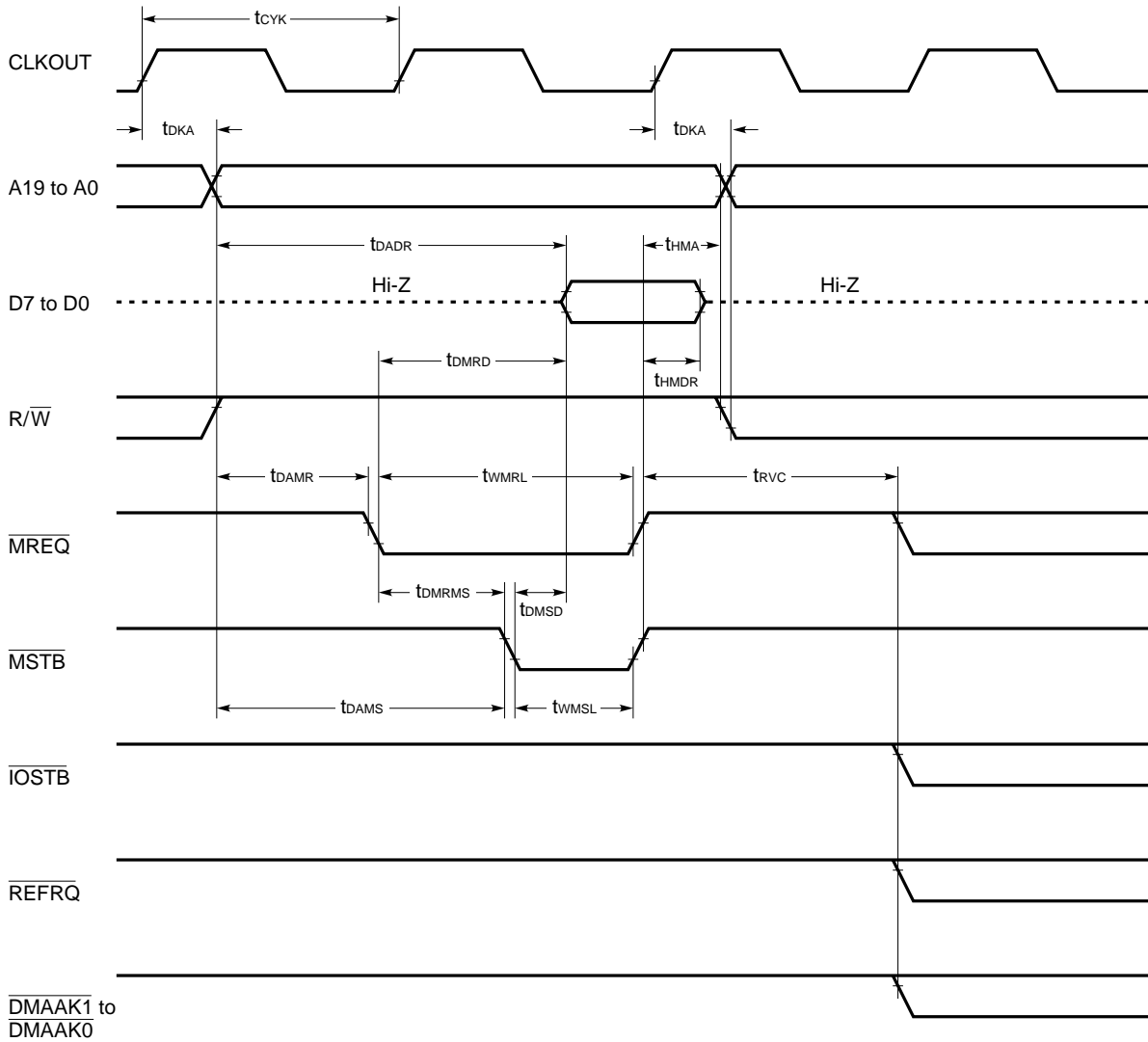
When transmitting data in I/O interface mode



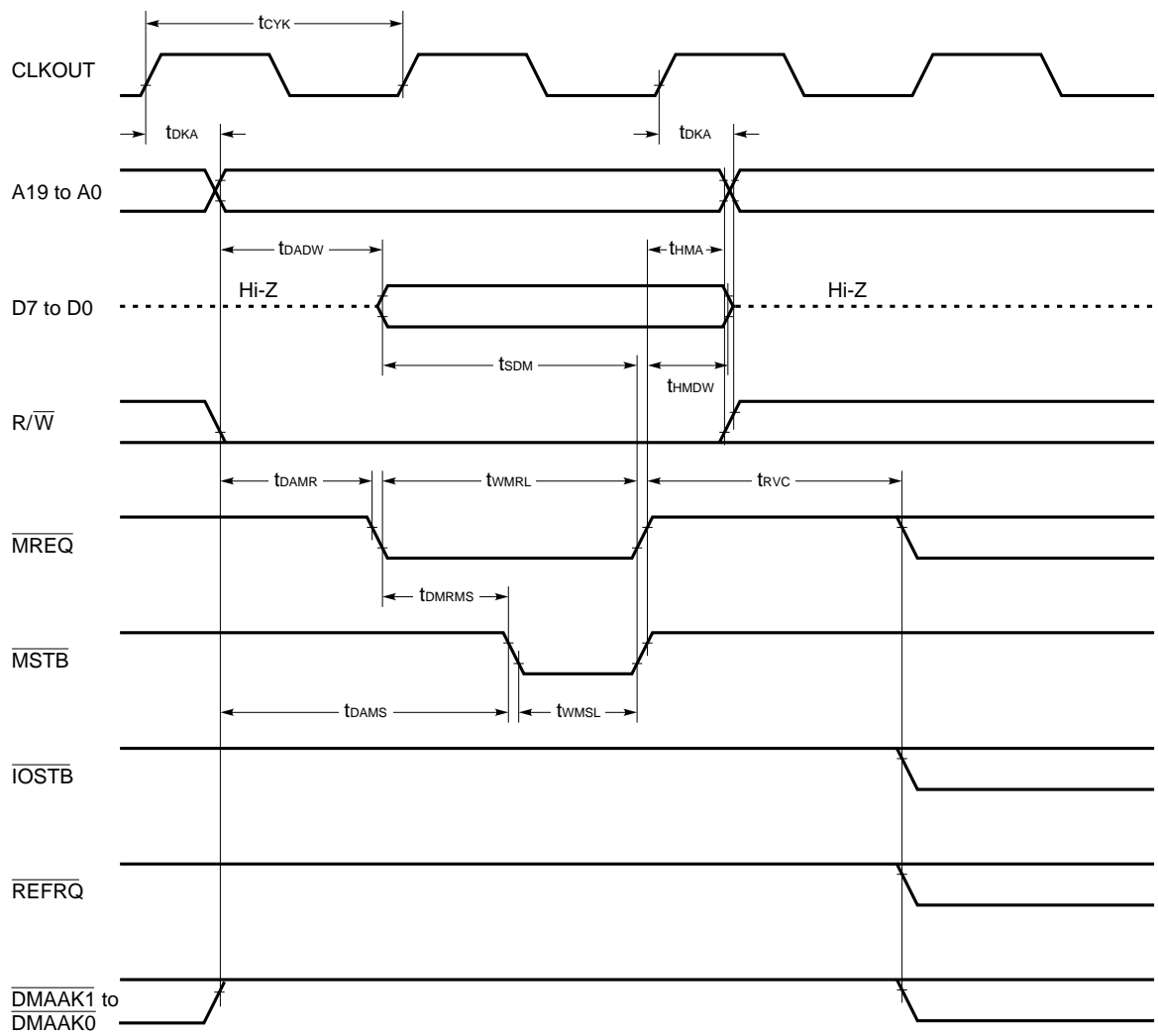
When receiving data in I/O interface mode



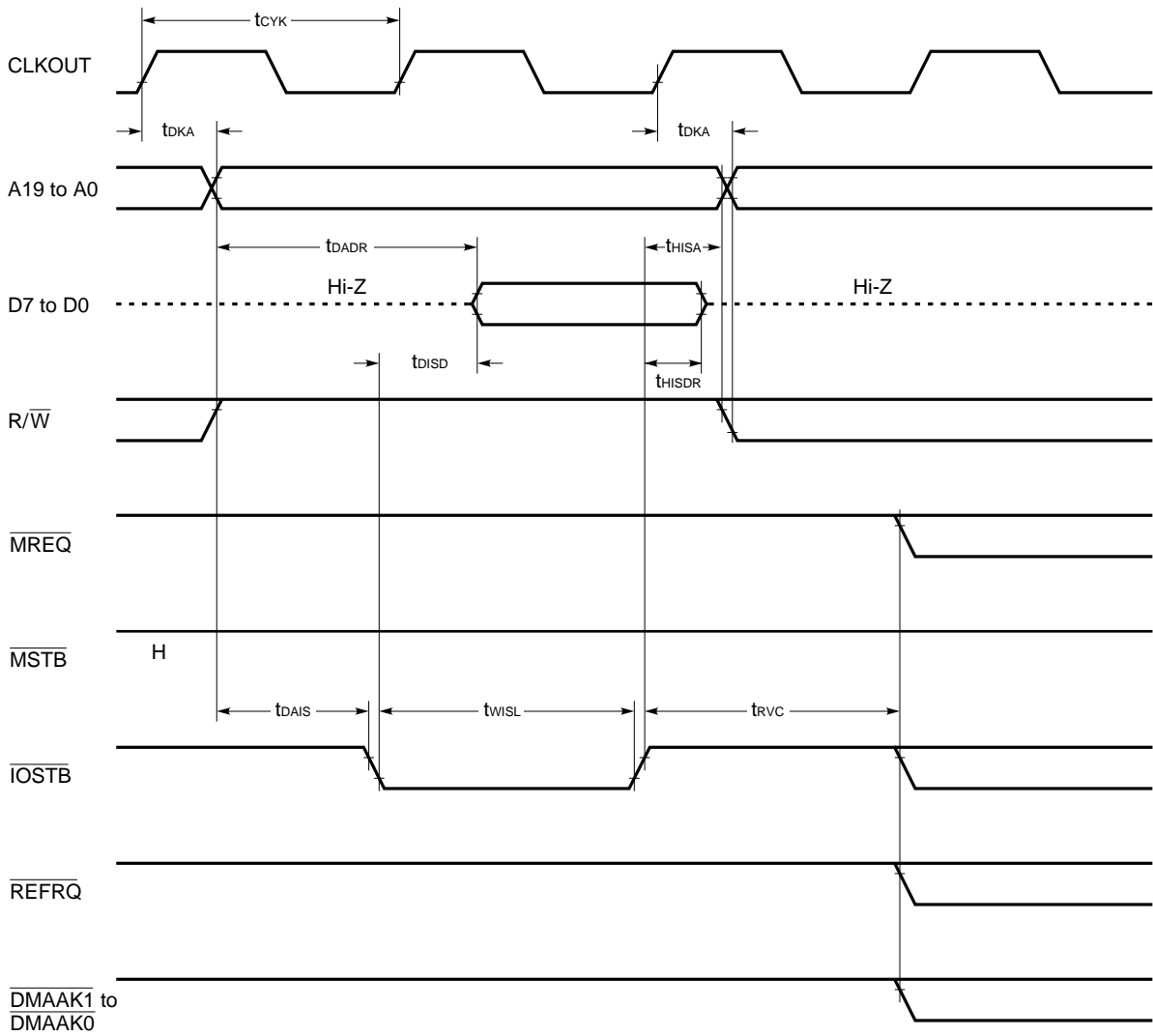
READ OPERATION



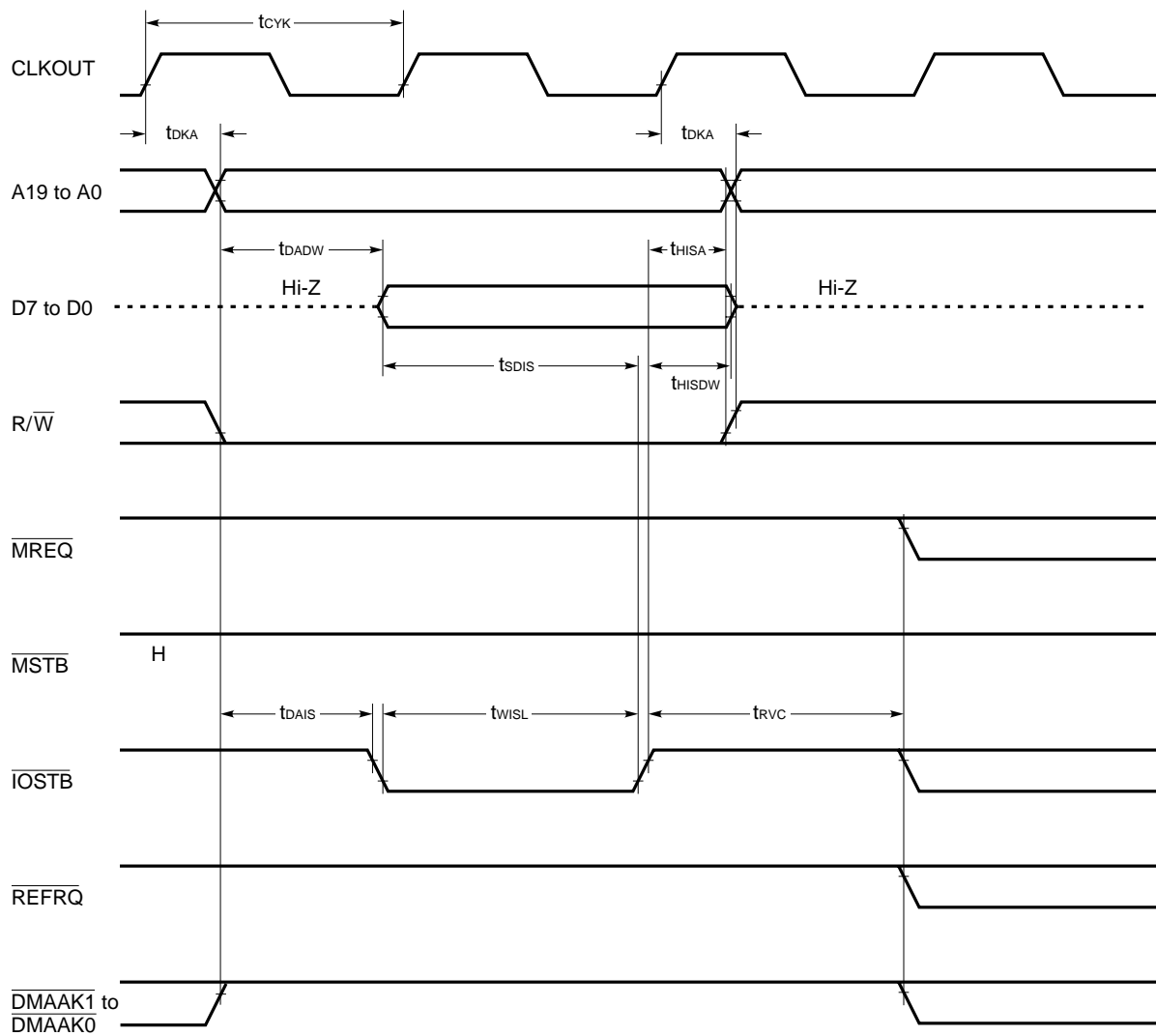
WRITE OPERATION



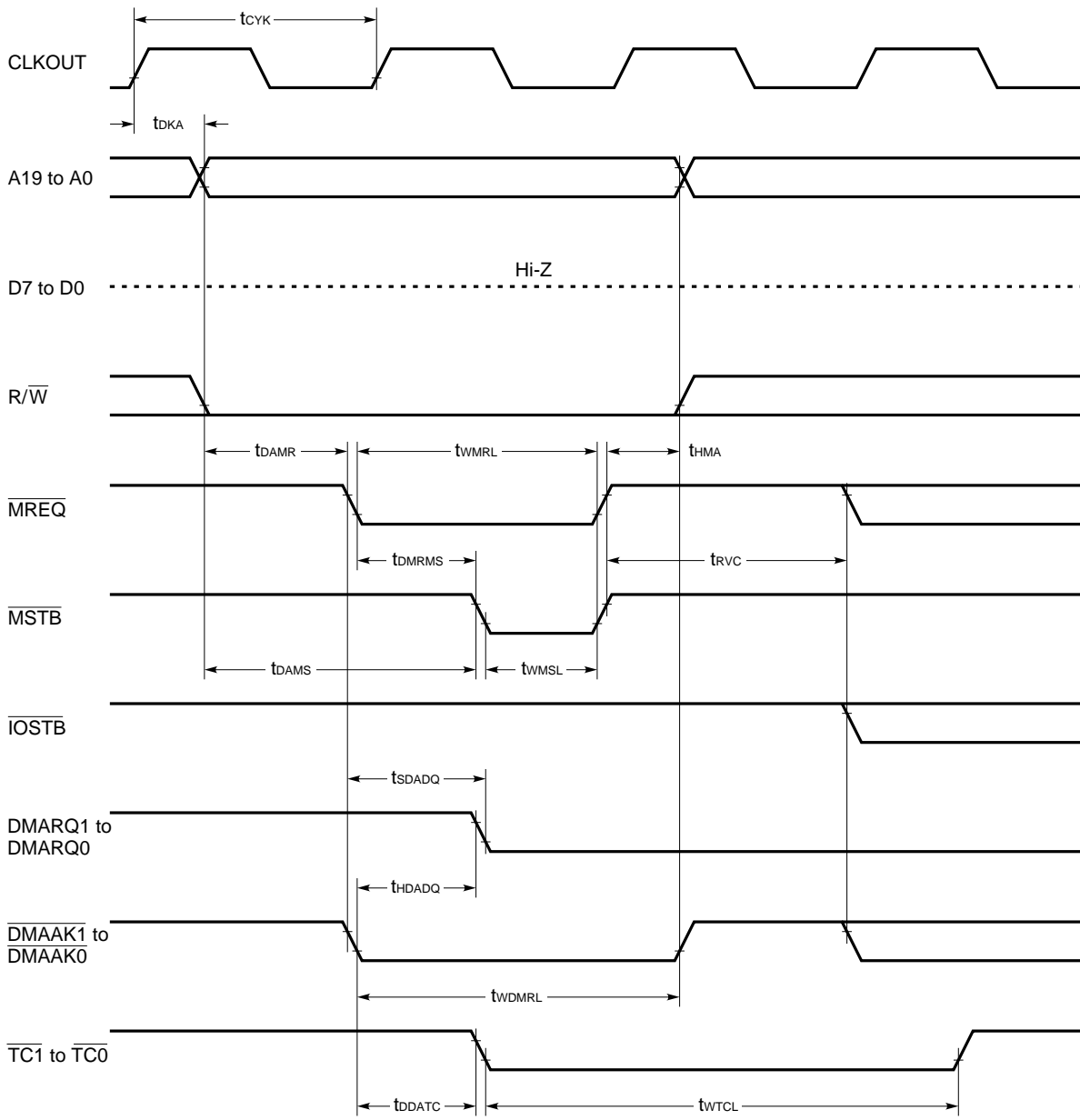
I/O READ TIMING



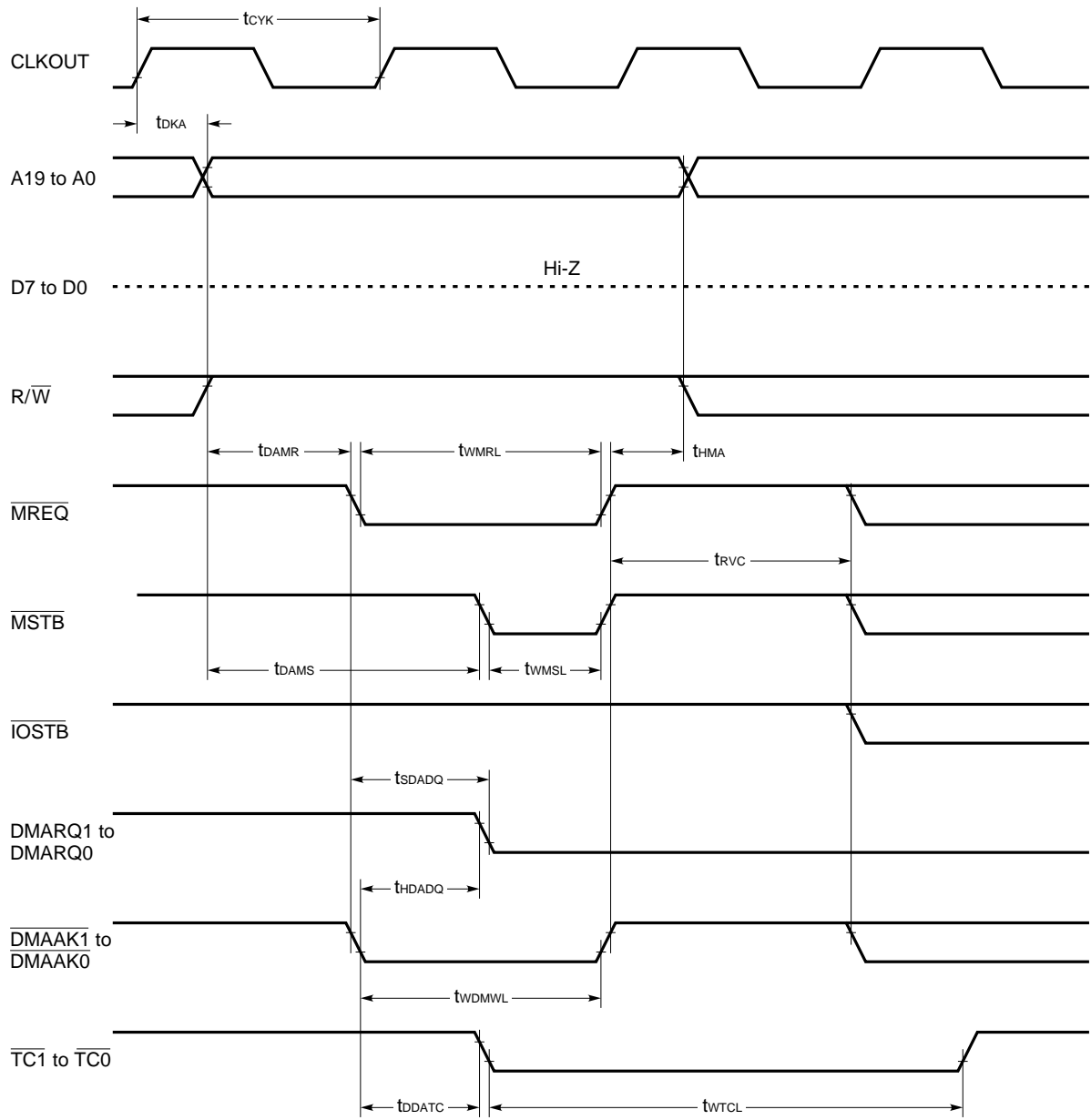
I/O WRITE TIMING



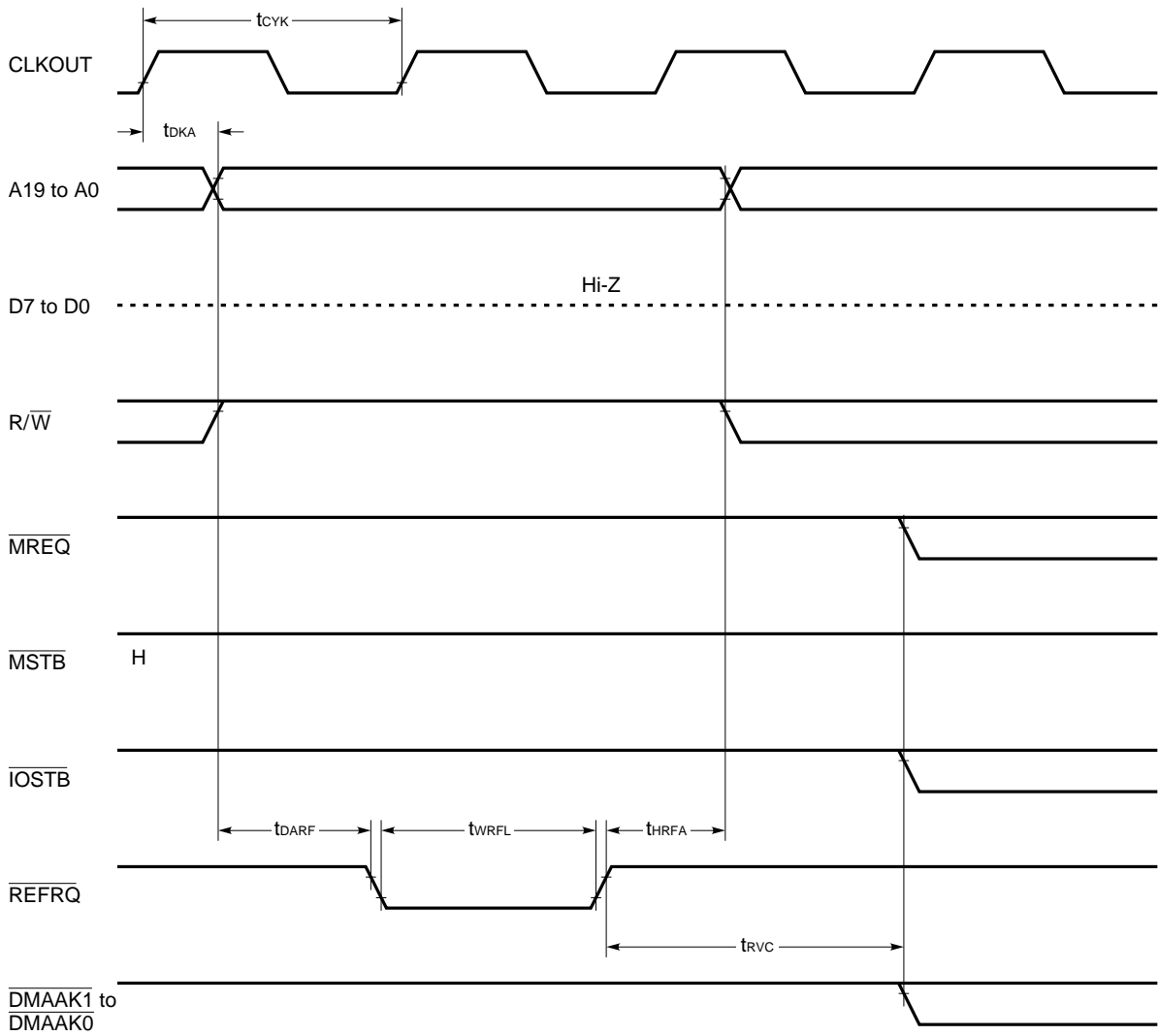
DMA (I/O \rightarrow MEMORY) TIMING



DMA (MEMORY \rightarrow I/O) TIMING

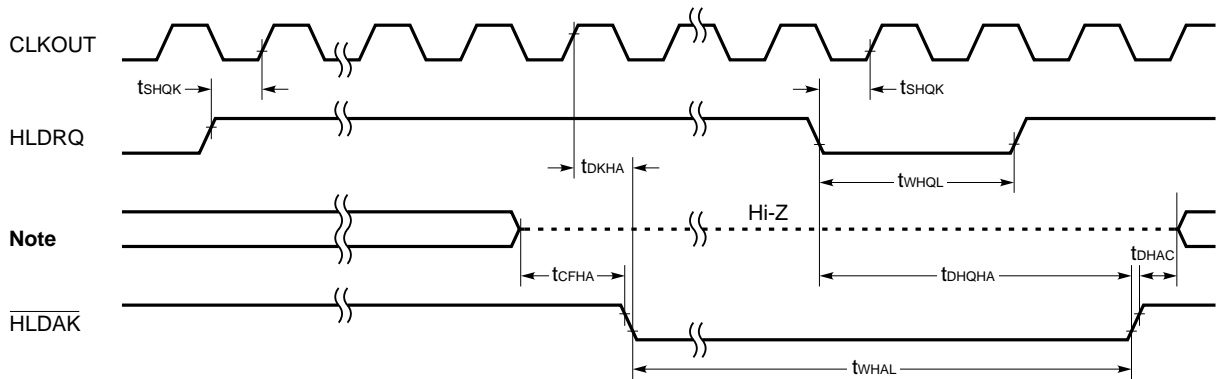


REFRESH TIMING

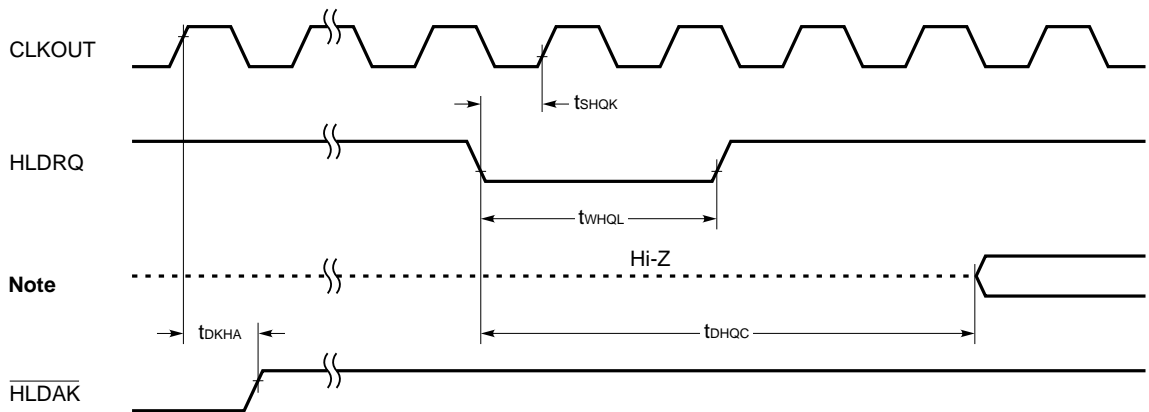


HOLD REQUEST/ACKNOWLEDGE TIMING

Normal mode

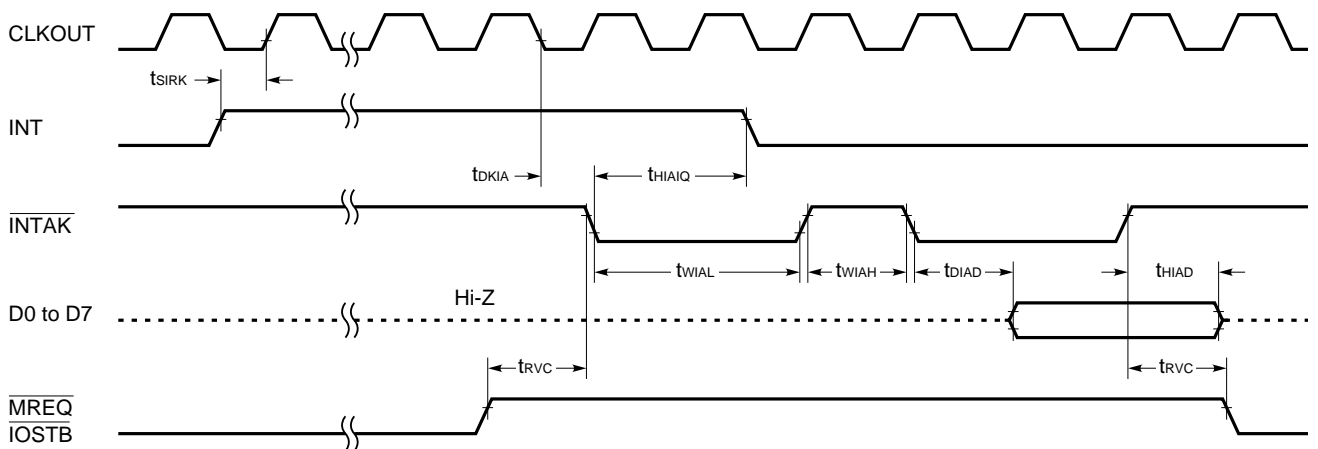


Releasing HOLD mode at refreshing time



Note A19 to A0, D7 to D0, $\overline{\text{MREQ}}$, $\overline{\text{MSTB}}$, $\overline{\text{IOSTB}}$, R/W

EXTERNAL INTERRUPT REQUEST/ACKNOWLEDGE TIMING



CLOCK SYNCHRONIZATION TIMING

The V25 Family is designed to create access signals to memory and I/O, based on the $\overline{\text{MREQ}}$ signal and $\overline{\text{IOSTB}}$ signal. When V25 Family products are connected with memory and I/O, design is possible even if there are no AC characteristics based on the clock. The clock synchronization timing shown below is for executing accurate READY input control using the system clock.

(1) μPD70325-8 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±10%)

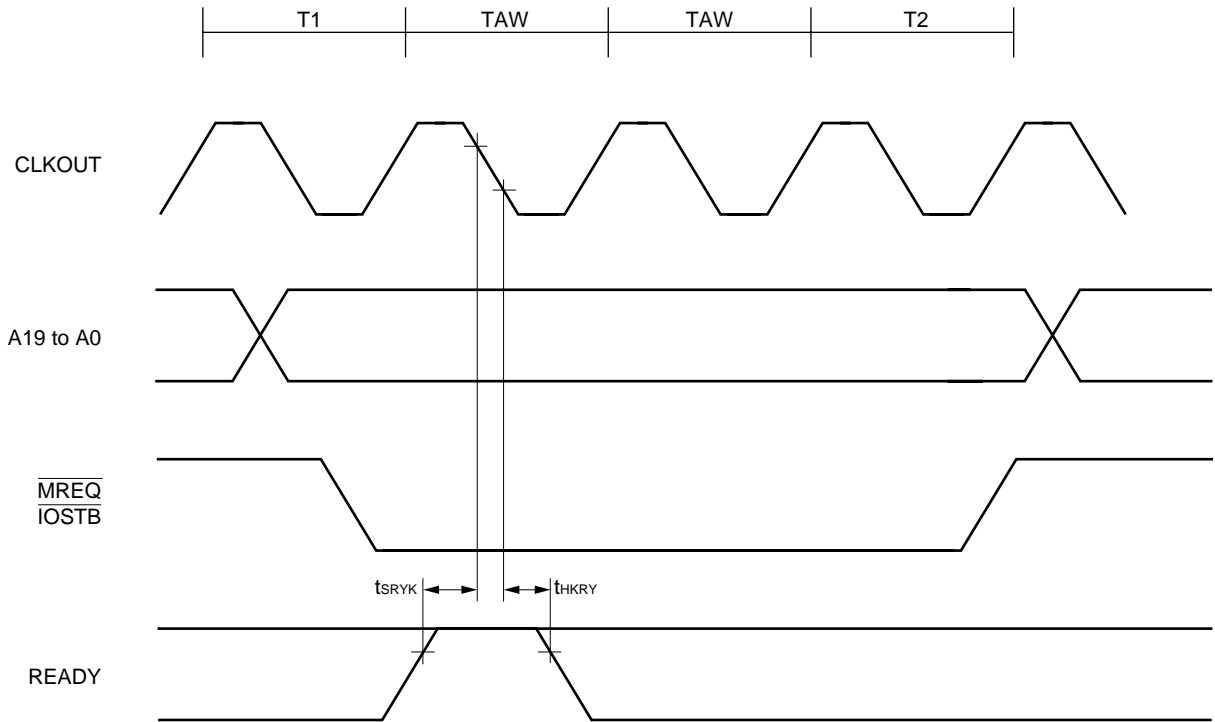
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Data Delay Time from CLKOUT	t _{DKD}		65	115	ns
Data Input Setup Time	t _{SDK}		15		ns
Data Input Hold Time	t _{HKD}		40		ns
$\overline{\text{MREQ}}$ Delay Time	t _{DKMR}		10	55	ns
$\overline{\text{IOSTB}}$ Delay Time	t _{DKIS}		10	55	ns
READY Setup Time	t _{SRYK}		20		ns
READY Hold Time	t _{HKRY}		40		ns

★ (2) μPD70325-10 (T_A = -10 to +70°C, V_{DD} = +5.0 V ±5%)

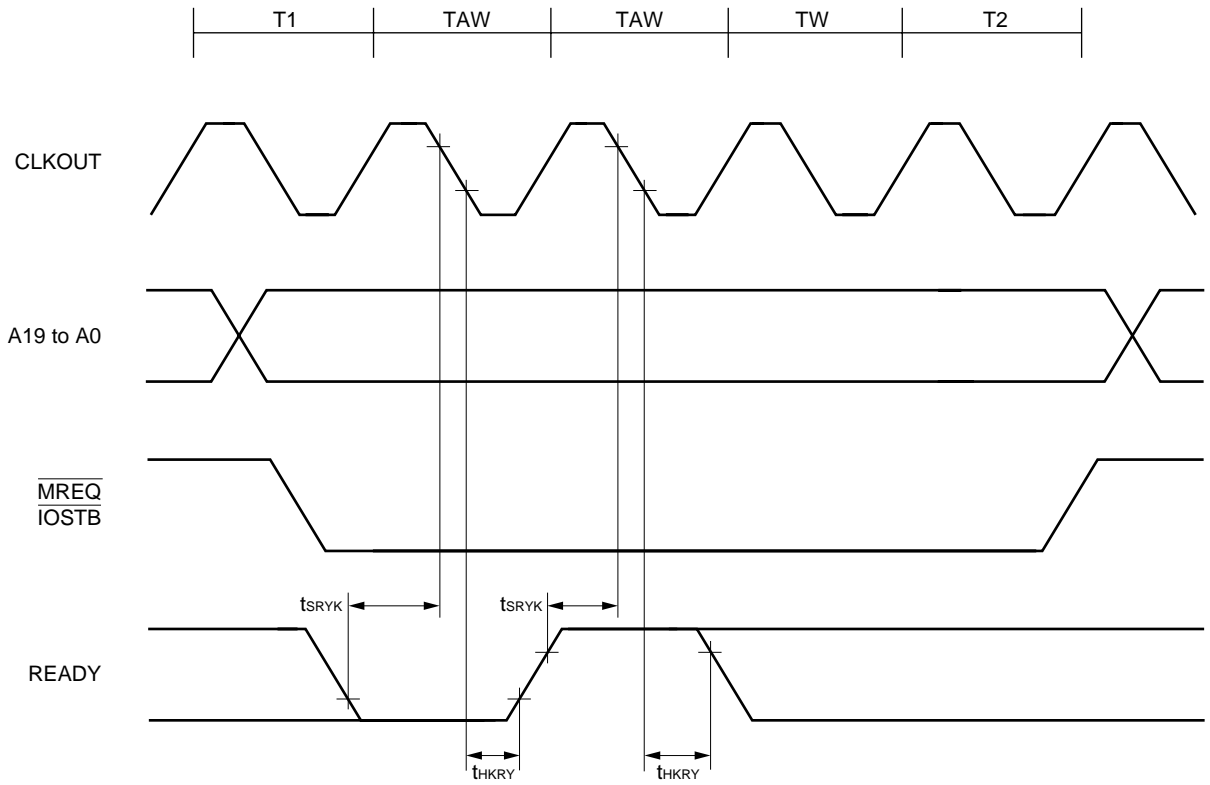
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Data Delay Time from CLKOUT	t _{DKD}		60	110	ns
Data Input Setup Time	t _{SDK}		10		ns
Data Input Hold Time	t _{HKD}		35		ns
$\overline{\text{MREQ}}$ Delay Time	t _{DKMR}		10	55	ns
$\overline{\text{IOSTB}}$ Delay Time	t _{DKIS}		10	55	ns
READY Setup Time	t _{SRYK}		15		ns
READY Hold Time	t _{HKRY}		40		ns

READY TIMING

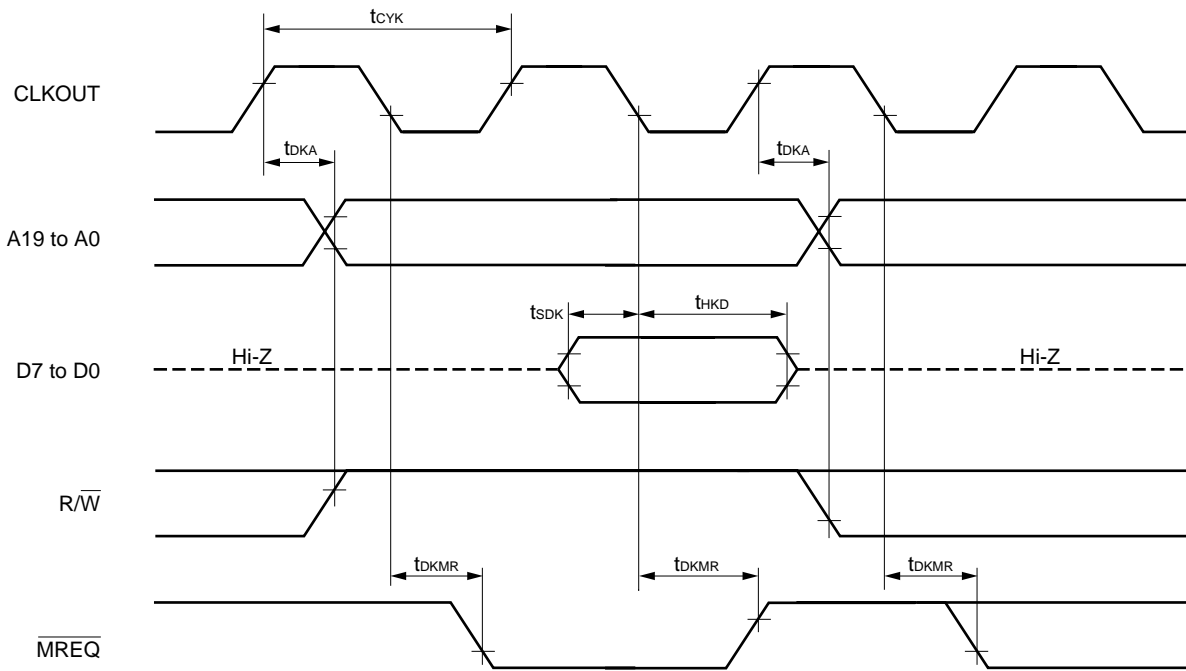
When 2 wait states are inserted:



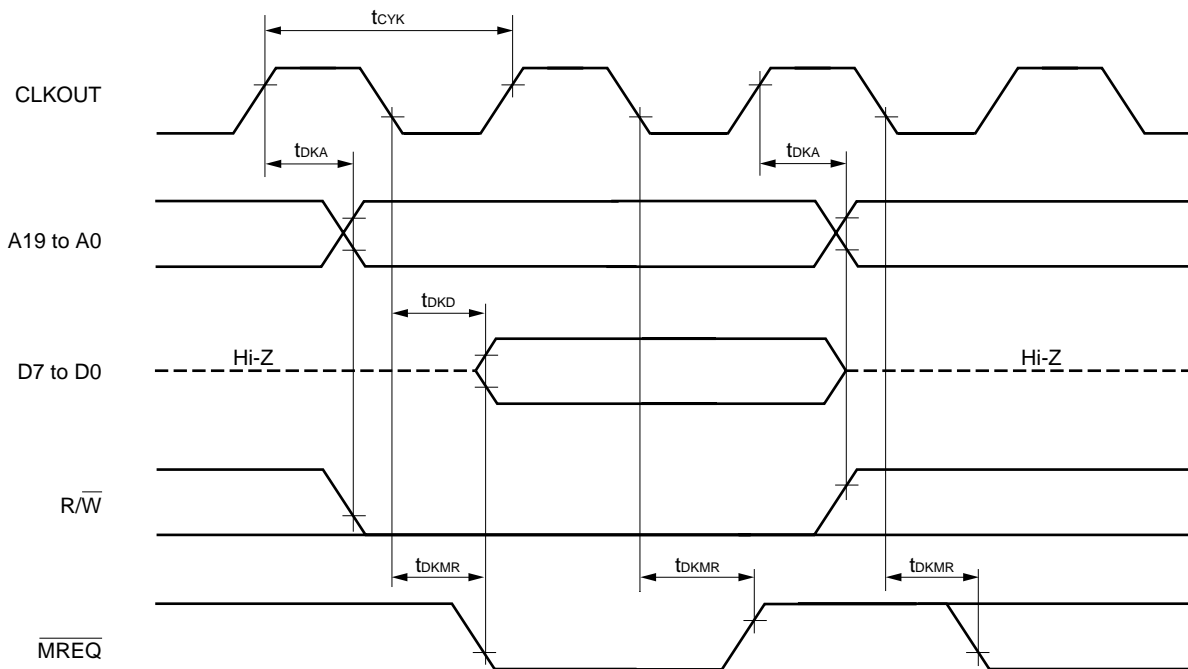
When 1 extra wait state is inserted:



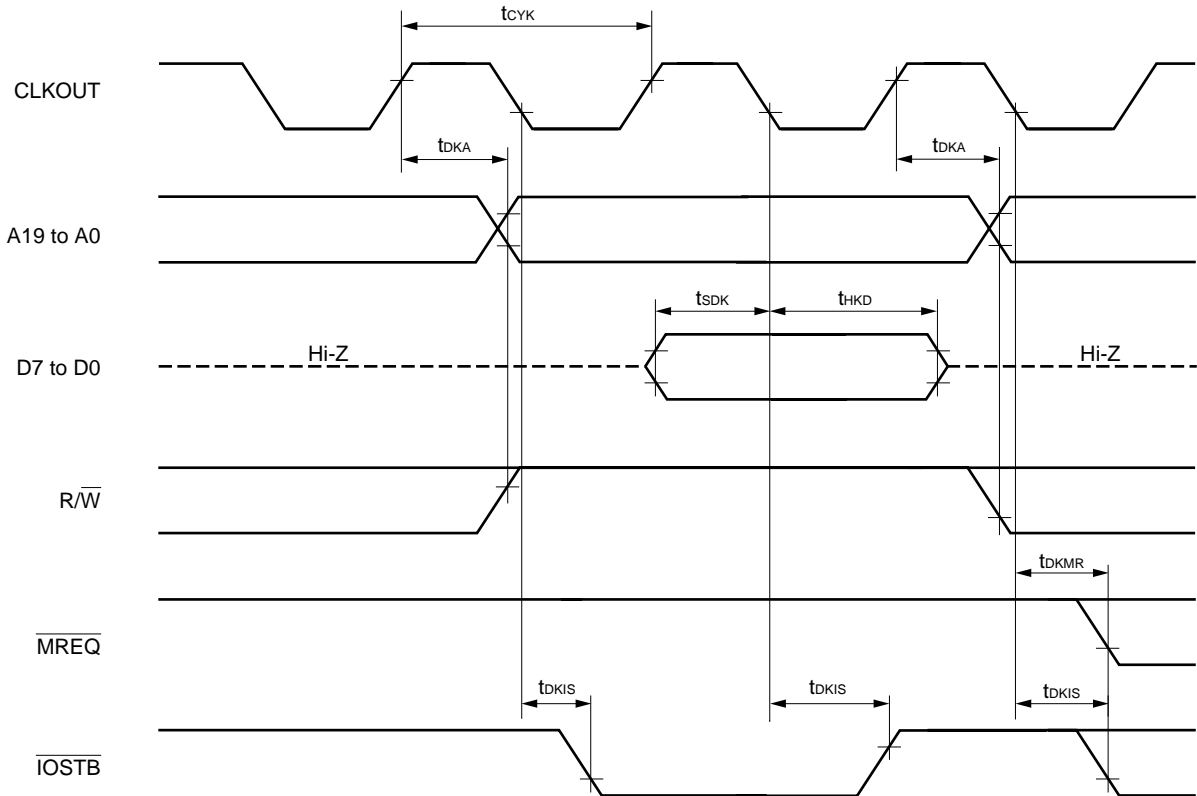
MEMORY READ OPERATION



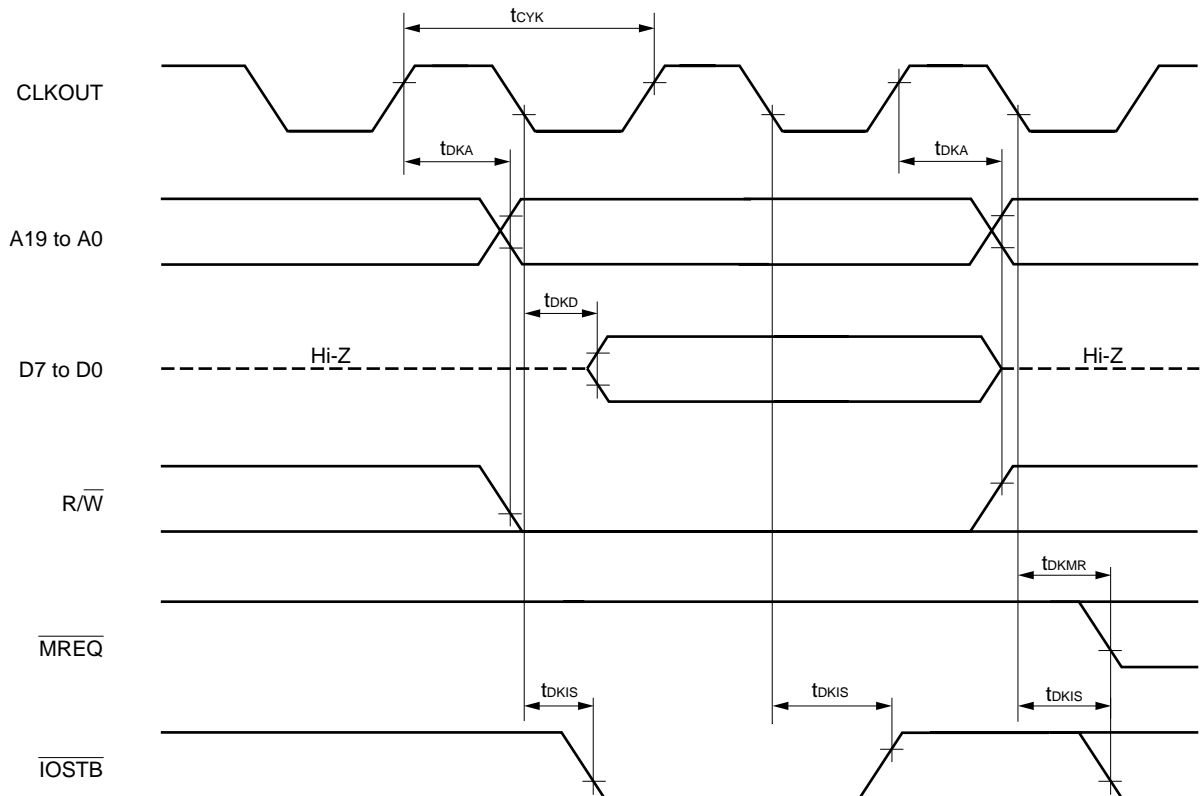
MEMORY WRITE OPERATION



I/O READ TIMING

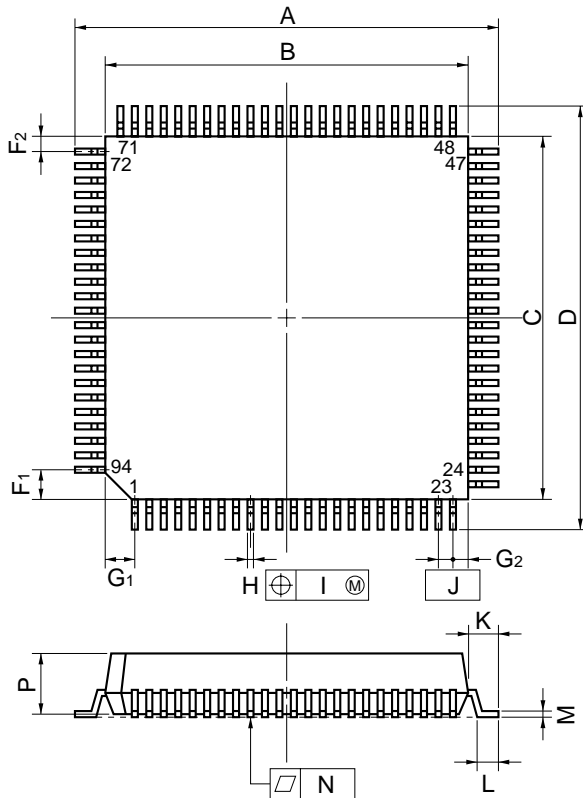


I/O WRITE TIMING



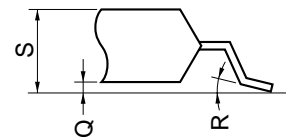
★ 4. PACKAGE DRAWINGS

94 PIN PLASTIC QFP (□ 20)



NOTE
 Each lead centerline is located within 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

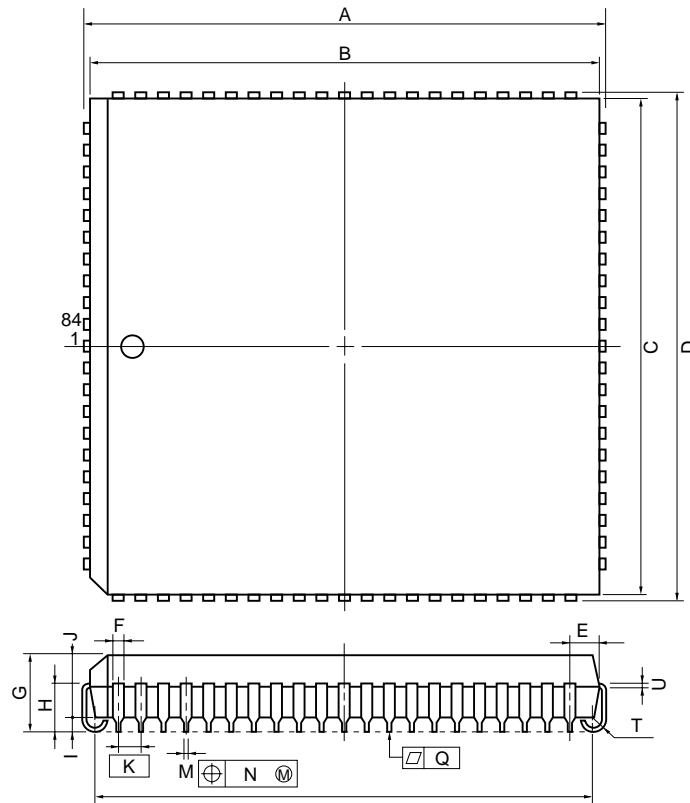
detail of lead end



ITEM	MILLIMETERS	INCHES
A	23.2±0.4	0.913 ^{+0.017} _{-0.016}
B	20.0±0.2	0.787 ^{+0.009} _{-0.008}
C	20.0±0.2	0.787 ^{+0.009} _{-0.008}
D	23.2±0.4	0.913 ^{+0.017} _{-0.016}
F1	1.6	0.063
F2	0.8	0.031
G1	1.6	0.063
G2	0.8	0.031
H	0.35±0.10	0.014 ^{+0.004} _{-0.005}
I	0.15	0.006
J	0.8 (T.P.)	0.031 (T.P.)
K	1.6±0.2	0.063±0.008
L	0.8±0.2	0.031 ^{+0.009} _{-0.008}
M	0.15 ^{+0.10} _{-0.05}	0.006 ^{+0.004} _{-0.003}
N	0.10	0.004
P	3.7	0.146
Q	0.1±0.1	0.004±0.004
R	5°±5°	5°±5°
S	4.0 MAX.	0.158 MAX.

S94GJ-80-5BG-3

84 PIN PLASTIC QFJ (□1150 mil)



NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.12 mm (0.005 inch) of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

P84L-50A3-2

ITEM	MILLIMETERS	INCHES
A	30.2±0.2	1.189±0.008
B	29.28	1.153
C	29.28	1.153
D	30.2±0.2	1.189±0.008
E	1.94±0.15	0.076 ^{+0.007} _{-0.006}
F	0.6	0.024
G	4.4±0.2	0.173 ^{+0.009} _{-0.008}
H	2.8±0.2	0.110 ^{+0.009} _{-0.008}
I	0.9 MIN.	0.035 MIN.
J	3.4	0.134
K	1.27 (T.P.)	0.050 (T.P.)
M	0.40±0.10	0.016 ^{+0.004} _{-0.005}
N	0.12	0.005
P	28.20±0.20	1.110 ^{+0.009} _{-0.008}
Q	0.15	0.006
T	R 0.8	R 0.031
U	0.20 ^{+0.10} _{-0.05}	0.008 ^{+0.004} _{-0.002}

★ 5. RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The following conditions must be met when soldering this product.

For more details, refer to our document “SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY MANUAL” (C10535E).

Please consult with our sales office when using other soldering process or under different soldering conditions.

Table 5-1. Surface Mount Type Soldering Conditions

- (1) μPD70325GJ-8-5BG : 94-pin plastic QFP (20 × 20 mm)
- μPD70325GJ-10-5BG : 94-pin plastic QFP (20 × 20 mm)

Soldering Process	Soldering Conditions	Symbol
Infrared ray reflow	Package peak temperature: 235°C, Reflow time: 30 seconds or less (at 210°C or higher), Number of reflow processes: 3 or less Exposure limit ^{Note} : 7 days (36 hours pre-baking is required at 125°C afterwards)	IR35-367-3
VPS	Package peak temperature: 215°C, Reflow time: 40 seconds or less (at 200°C or higher), Number of reflow processes: 3 or less Exposure limit ^{Note} : 7 days (36 hours pre-baking is required at 125°C afterwards)	VP15-367-3
Wave soldering	Solder temperature: 260°C or below, Flow time: 10 seconds or less, Number of flow processes: 1 Exposure limit ^{Note} : 7 days (36 hours pre-baking is required at 125°C afterwards) Pre-heating temperature: 120°C max. (package surface temperature)	WS60-367-1
Partial heating method	Pin temperature: 300°C or below, Flow time: 3 seconds or less (per side of device)	—

- (2) μPD70325L-8 : 84-pin plastic QFJ (1150 × 1150 mil)
- μPD70325L-10 : 84-pin plastic QFJ (1150 × 1150 mil)

Soldering Process	Soldering Conditions	Symbol
VPS	Package peak temperature: 215°C, Reflow time: 40 seconds or less (at 200°C or higher), Number of reflow processes: 1 Exposure limit ^{Note} : 2 days (16 hours pre-baking is required at 125°C afterwards)	VP15-162-1
Partial heating method	Pin temperature: 300°C or below, Flow time: 3 seconds or less (per side of device)	—

Note Exposure limit before soldering after dry-pack package is opened. Storage conditions: 25°C and relative humidity at 65% or less.

Caution Use of more than one soldering process should be avoided (except for partial heating method).

[MEMO]

NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES

① PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR SEMICONDUCTORS

Note: Strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor devices on it.

② HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS

Note: No connection for CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to V_{DD} or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. All handling related to the unused pins must be judged device by device and related specifications governing the devices.

③ STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Note: Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS device. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee out-pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. Device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices having reset function.

Regional Information

Some information contained in this document may vary from country to country. Before using any NEC product in your application, please contact the NEC office in your country to obtain a list of authorized representatives and distributors. They will verify:

- Device availability
- Ordering information
- Product release schedule
- Availability of related technical literature
- Development environment specifications (for example, specifications for third-party tools and components, host computers, power plugs, AC supply voltages, and so forth)
- Network requirements

In addition, trademarks, registered trademarks, export restrictions, and other legal issues may also vary from country to country.

NEC Electronics Inc. (U.S.)

Santa Clara, California
Tel: 408-588-6000
800-366-9782
Fax: 408-588-6130
800-729-9288

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Duesseldorf, Germany
Tel: 0211-65 03 02
Fax: 0211-65 03 490

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Fax: 08-63 80 388

NEC Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.

Hong Kong
Tel: 2886-9318
Fax: 2886-9022/9044

NEC Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.

Seoul Branch
Seoul, Korea
Tel: 02-528-0303
Fax: 02-528-4411

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United Square, Singapore 1130
Tel: 253-8311
Fax: 250-3583

NEC Electronics Taiwan Ltd.

Taipei, Taiwan
Tel: 02-719-2377
Fax: 02-719-5951

NEC do Brasil S.A.

Cumbica-Guarulhos-SP, Brasil
Tel: 011-6465-6810
Fax: 011-6465-6829

Related documents	V25+, V35+ User's Manual — Hardware	IEU-706 (Japanese version)
	V25, V35 Family User's Manual — Instructions	U12120J (Japanese version)
Reference document	Electrical Characteristics for Microcomputer	IEI-601 (Japanese version)

The related documents indicated in this publication may include preliminary versions. However, preliminary versions are not marked as such.

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NEC devices are classified into the following three quality grades:

"Standard", "Special", and "Specific". The Specific quality grade applies only to devices developed based on a customer designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a device depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each device before using it in a particular application.

Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots

Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)

Specific: Aircrafts, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems or medical equipment for life support, etc.

The quality grade of NEC devices is "Standard" unless otherwise specified in NEC's Data Sheets or Data Books. If customers intend to use NEC devices for applications other than those specified for Standard quality grade, they should contact an NEC sales representative in advance.

Anti-radioactive design is not implemented in this product.